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The present application features nucleic acid, peptide and antibody compositions relating to genotypes of hepatitis C virus and methods of using such compositions for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes.

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## HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Serial No. 07/697,326 entitled "Polynucleotide Probes Useful for Screening for Hepatitis C Virus, filed May 8, 1991.

#### Technical Field

The invention relates to compositions and methods for the detection and treatment of hepatitis C virus, (HCV) infection, formerly referred to as blood-borne non-A, non-B hepatitis virus (NANBV) infection. More specifically, embodiments of the present invention feature compositions and methods for the detection of HCV, and for the development of vaccines for the prophylactic treatment of infections of HCV, and development of antibody products for conveying passive immunity to HCV.

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#### Background of the Invention

The prototype isolate of HCV was characterized in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 122,714 (See also EPO Publication No. 318,216). As used herein, the term "HCV" includes new isolates of the same viral species. The term "HCV-1" referred to in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 122,714.

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HCV is a transmissible disease distinguishable from other forms of viral-associated liver diseases, including that caused by the known hepatitis viruses, i.e., hepatitis A virus (HAV), hepatitis B virus (HBV), and delta hepatitis virus (HDV), as well as the hepatitis induced by cytomegalovirus (CMV) or Epstein-Barr virus (EBV). HCV was first identified in individuals who had received blood transfusions.

The demand for sensitive, specific methods for screening and identifying carriers of HCV and HCV contaminated blood or blood products is significant. Post-transfusion hepatitis (PTH) occurs in approximately 10% of transfused patients, and HCV accounts for up to 90% of these cases. The disease frequently progresses to chronic liver damage (25-55%).

Patient care as well as the prevention of transmission of HCV by blood and blood products or by close personal contact require reliable screening, diagnostic and prognostic tools to detect nucleic acids, antigens and antibodies related to HCV.

Information in this application suggests the HCV has several genotypes. That is, the genetic information of the HCV virus may not be totally identical for all HCV, but encompasses groups with differing genetic information.

Genetic information is stored in thread-like molecules of DNA and RNA. DNA consists of covalently

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linked chains of deoxyribonucleotides and RNA consists of covalently linked chains of ribonucleotides. Each nucleotide is characterized by one of four bases: adenine (A), guanine (G), thymine (T), and cytosine (C). The bases are complementary in the sense that, due to the orientation of functional groups, certain base pairs attract and bond to each other through hydrogen bonding and  $\pi$ -stacking interactions. Adenine in one strand of DNA pairs with thymine in an 10 opposing complementary strand. Guanine in one strand of DNA pairs with cytosine in an opposing complementary strand. In RNA, the thymine base is replaced by uracil (U) which pairs with adenine in an opposing complementary strand. The genetic code of living 15 organism is carried in the sequence of base pairs. Living cells interpret, transcribe and translate the information of nucleic acid to make proteins and peptides.

The HCV genome is comprised of a single positive strand of RNA. The HCV genome possesses a continuous, translational open reading frame (ORF) that encodes a polyprotein of about 3,000 amino acids. In the ORF, the structural protein(s) appear to be encoded in approximately the first quarter of the N-terminus region, with the majority of the polyprotein responsible for non-structural proteins.

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The HCV polyprotein comprises, from the amino terminus to the carboxy terminus, the nucleocapsid protein (C), the envelope protein (E), and the non-structural proteins (NS) 1, 2 (b), 3, 4 (b), and 5.

HCV of differing genotypes may encode for proteins which present an altered response to host immune systems. HCV of differing genotypes may be difficult to detect by immuno diagnostic techniques and nucleic acid probe techniques which are not specifically directed to such genotype.

Definitions for selected terms used in the application are set forth below to facilitate an understanding of the invention. The term "corresponding" means homologous to or complementary to a particular sequence of nucleic acid. As between nucleic acids and peptides, corresponding refers to amino acids of a peptide in an order derived from the sequence of a nucleic acid or its complement.

The term "non-naturally occurring nucleic acid" refers to a portion of genomic nucleic acid, cDNA, semisynthetic nucleic acid, or synthetic origin nucleic acid which, by virtue of its origin or manipulation:

(1) is not associated with all of a nucleic acid with which it is associated in nature, (2) is linked to a nucleic acid or other chemical agent other than that to

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which it is linked in nature, or (3) does not occur in nature.

Similarly the term, "a non-naturally occurring peptide" refers to a portion of a large naturally occurring peptide or protein, or semi-synthetic or synthetic peptide, which by virtue of its origin or manipulation (1) is not associated with all of a peptide with which it is associated in nature, (2) is linked to peptides, functional groups or chemical agents other than that to which it is linked in nature, or (3) does not occur in nature.

The term "primer" refers to a nucleic acid which is capable of initiating the synthesis of a larger nucleic acid when placed under appropriate conditions. The primer will be completely or substantially

complementary to a region of the nucleic acid to be copied. Thus, under conditions conducive to hybridization, the primer will anneal to a complementary region of a larger nucleic acid. Upon addition of suitable reactants, the primer is extended by the polymerizing agent to form a copy of the larger nucleic acid.

The term "binding pair" refers to any pair of molecules which exhibit mutual affinity or binding capacity. For the purposes of the present application, the term "ligand" will refer to one molecule of the binding pair, and the term "antiligand" or "receptor"

or "target" will refer to the opposite molecule of the binding pair. For example, with respect to nucleic acids, a binding pair may comprise two complementary nucleic acids. One of the nucleic acids may be designated the ligand and the other strand is designated the antiligand receptor or target. The designation of ligand or antiligand is a matter of arbitrary convenience. Other binding pairs comprise, by way of example, antigens and antibodies, drugs and drug receptor sites and enzymes and enzyme substrates, to name a few.

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The term "label" refers to a molecular moiety capable of detection including, by way of example, without limitation, radioactive isotopes, enzymes, luminescent agents, precipitating agents, and dyes.

The term "support" includes conventional supports such as filters and membranes as well as retrievable supports which can be substantially dispersed within a medium and removed or separated from the medium by immobilization, filtering, partitioning, or the like. The term "support means" refers to supports capable of being associated to nucleic acids, peptides or antibodies by binding partners, or covalent or noncovalent linkages.

25 A number of HCV strains and isolates have been identified. When compared with the sequence of the original isolate derived from the USA ("HCV-1"; see

Q.-L. Choo et al. (1989) Science 244:359-362, Q.-L. Choo et al. (1990) Brit. Med. Bull. 46:423-441, Q.-L. Choo et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 88:2451-2455 (1991), and E.P.O. Patent Publication No. 318,216, cited supra), it was found that a Japanese isolate ("HCV J1") differed significantly in both nucleotide and polypeptide sequence within the NS3 and NS4 regions. This conclusion was later extended to the NS5 and envelope (E1/S and E2/NS1) regions (see K. Takeuchi et al., <u>J. Gen. Virol.</u> (1990) <u>71</u>:3027-3033, Y. Kubo, 10 Nucl. Acids. Res. (1989) 17:10367-10372, and K. Takeuchi et al., <u>Gene</u> (1990) <u>91</u>:287-291). The former group of isolates, originally identified in the United States, is termed "Genotype I" throughout the present disclosure, while the latter group of isolates, initially identified in Japan, is termed "Genotype II" herein.

### Brief Description of the Invention

The present invention features compositions of matter comprising nucleic acids and peptides corresponding to the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes. The present invention also features methods of using the compositions corresponding to sequences of the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes described herein.

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#### A. Nucleic acid compositions

The nucleic acid of the present invention, corresponding to the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes, have utility as probes in nucleic acid hybridization assays, as primers for reactions involving the synthesis of nucleic acid, as binding partners for separating HCV viral nucleic acid from other constituents which may be present, and as anti-sense nucleic acid for preventing the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.

One embodiment of the present invention features a composition comprising a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a nucleic acid sequence of at least eight nucleotides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of the hepatitis C viral genome. Preferably, the nucleotide sequence is selected from a sequence present in at least one region consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region.

Preferably, with respect to sequences which correspond to the NS5 region, the sequence is selected from a sequence within a sequence numbered 2-22. The sequence numbered 1 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 1-22 are defined in the Sequence Listing of the application.

Preferably, with respect to sequences corresponding to the envelope 1 region, the sequence is

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selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32. Sequence No. 23 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 23-32 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of the application.

Preferably, with respect to the sequences which correspond to the 5'UT regions, the sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51. Sequence No. 33 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequence No. 33-51 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of this application.

Preferably, with respect to the sequences which correspond to the core region, the sequence is selected from a sequence within the sequences numbered 53-66. Sequence No. 52 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences 52-66 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of this application.

The compositions of the present invention form hybridization products with nucleic acid corresponding to different genotypes of HCV.

HCV has at least five genotypes, which will be referred to in this application by the designations GI-GV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV,

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is exemplified by sequences numbered 20-22, and 29-31 and 48-49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

One embodiment of the present invention features compositions comprising a nucleic acid having a sequence corresponding to one or more sequences which exemplify a genotype of HCV.

#### B. Method of forming a Hybridization Product

Embodiments of the present invention also feature a method of forming a hybridization product with nucleic acid having a sequence corresponding to HCV nucleic acid. One method comprises the steps of placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to HCV nucleic acid under conditions in which hybridization may occur. The non-naturally occurring nucleic acid is capable of forming a hybridization product with HCV nucleic acid, under hybridization conditions. The method further comprises the step of imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of nucleic acid corresponding to a region of the HCV genome.

The formation of a hybridization product has utility for detecting the presence of one or more genotypes of HCV. Preferably, the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid forms a hybridization product

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with nucleic acid of HCV in one or more regions comprising the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region and the core region. To detect the hybridization product, it is useful to associate the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid with a label. The formation of the hybridization product is detected by separating the hybridization product from labeled non-naturally occurring nucleic acid, which has not formed a hybridization product.

10 The formation of a hybridization product has utility as a means of separating one or more genotypes of HCV nucleic acid from other constituents potentially present. For such applications, it is useful to associate the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid with 15 a support for separating the resultant hybridization product from the the other constituents.

Nucleic acid "sandwich assays" employ one nucleic acid associated with a label and a second nucleic acid associated with a support. An embodiment of the present invention features a sandwich assay comprising two nucleic acids, both have sequences which correspond to HCV nucleic acids; however, at least one non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to non-HCV-1 HCV nucleic acid. At least one nucleic acid is capable of associating with a label, and the other is capable of associating with a support. The support associated non-naturally

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occurring nucleic acid is used to separate the hybridization products which include an HCV nucleic acid and the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence.

One embodiment of the present invention features a method of detecting one or more genotypes of HCV. method comprises the steps of placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid under conditions which hybridization may occur. The non-naturally occurring nucleic acid is capable of forming a hybridization product with nucleic acid from one or more genotypes of HCV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by seguences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified sequences numbered 20-22 and 29-31. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

The hybridization product of HCV nucleic acid with a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to sequences within the HCV genome has utility for priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid.

The hybridization product of HCV nucleic acid with a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a

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sequence corresponding to a particular genotype of HCV has utility for priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid of such genotype. In one embodiment, the synthesized nucleic acid is indicative of the presence of one or more genotypes of HCV.

The synthesis of nucleic acid may also facilitate cloning of the nucleic acid into expression vectors which synthesize viral proteins.

Embodiments of the present methods have utility as anti-sense agents for preventing the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid. The formation of a hybridization product of a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having sequences which correspond to a particular genotype of HCV genomic sequencing with HCV nucleic acid may block translation or transcription of such genotype. Therapeutic agents can be engineered to include all five genotypes for inclusivity.

### C. Peptide and antibody composition

A further embodiment of the present invention

features a composition of matter comprising a
non-naturally occurring peptide of three or more amino
acids corresponding to a nucleic acid having a
non-HCV-1 sequence. Preferably, the non-HCV-1 sequence
corresponds with a sequence within one or more regions
consisting of the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region,
the 5'UT region, and the core region.

Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence of the NS5 region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 2-22. The sequence numbered 1 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 1-22 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

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Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence of the envelope 1 region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 24-32. The sequence numbered 23 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 23-32 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence directed to the core region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 53-66. Sequence numbered 52 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 52-66 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

The further embodiment of the present invention

features peptide compositions corresponding to nucleic acid sequences of a genotype of HCV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and

65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified

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s qu nc s numbered 20-22, 29-31, 48 and 49. genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

The non-naturally occurring peptides of the present invention are useful as a component of a 5 vaccine. The sequence information of the present invention permits the design of vaccines which are inclusive for all or some of the different genotypes of HCV. Directing a vaccine to a particular genotype allows prophylactic treatment to be tailored to maximize the protection to those agents likely to be encountered. Directing a vaccine to more than one genotype allows the vaccine to be more inclusive.

The peptide compositions are also useful for the 15 development of specific antibodies to the HCV. proteins. One embodiment of the present invention features as a composition of matter, an antibody to peptides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence of the HCV genome. Preferably, the non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from the sequence within a region consisting of the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, and the core region. There are no peptides associated with the untranslated 5'UT region.

Preferably, with respect to antibodies directed to peptides of the NS5 region, the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22. Preferably, with respect to antibodies directed to a peptide

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corresponding to the envelope 1 region, the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32. Preferably, with respect to the antibodies directed to peptides corresponding to the core region, the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 53-66.

Antibodies directed to peptides which reflect a particular genotype have utility for the detection of such genotypes of HCV and therapeutic agents.

One embodiment of the present invention features an antibody directed to a peptide corresponding to nucleic acid having sequences of a particular genotype. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified sequences numbered 20-22, 29-31, 48 and 49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

Individuals skilled in the art will readily recognize that the compositions of the present invention can be packaged with instructions for use in the form of a kit for performing nucleic acid hybridizations or immunochemical reactions.

The present invention is further described in the following figures which illustrate sequences demonstrating genotypes of HCV. The sequences are designated by numerals 1-145, which numerals and sequences are consistent with the numerals and sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing. Sequences 146 and 147 facilitate the discussion of an assay which numerals and sequences are consistent with the numerals and sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing.

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Brief Description of the Figures and Sequence Listing
Figure 1 depicts schematically the genetic
organization of HCV;

Figure 2 sets forth nucleic acid sequences

numbered 1-22 which sequences are derived from the NS5
region of the HCV viral genome;

Figure 3 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 23-32 which sequences are derived from the envelope 1 region of the HCV viral genome;

Figure 4 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 33-51 which sequences are derived from the 5'UT region of the HCV viral genome; and,

Figure 5 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 52-66 which sequences are derived from the core region of the HCV viral genome.

The Sequence Listing sets forth the sequences of sequences numbered 1-147.

#### Detailed Description of the Invention

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The present invention will be described in detail as as nucleic acid having sequences corresponding to the HCV genome and related peptides and binding partners, for diagnostic and therapeutic applications.

The practice of the present invention will employ, unless otherwise indicated, conventional techniques of chemistry, molecular biology, microbiology, recombinant DNA, and immunology, which are within the skill of the art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. See e.g., Maniatis, Fitsch & Sambrook, Molecular Cloning; A Laboratory Manual (1982); DNA Cloning, Volumes I and II (D.N Glover ed. 1985); Oligonucleotide Synthesis (M.J. Gait ed, 1984); Nucleic Acid Hybridization (B.D. Hames & S.J. Higgins eds. 1984); the series, Methods in Enzymology (Academic Press, Inc.), particularly Vol. 154 and Vol. 155 (Wu and Grossman, eds.).

The cDNA libraries are derived from nucleic acid sequences present in the plasma of an HCV-infected chimpanzee. The construction of one of these libraries, the "c" library (ATCC No. 40394), is described in PCT Pub. No. WO90/14436. The sequences of the library relevant to the present invention are set forth herein as sequence numbers 1, 23, 33 and 52.

Nucleic acids isolated or synthesized in accordance with features of the present invention are

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useful, by way of example without limitation as probes, primers, anti-sense genes and for developing expression systems for the synthesis of peptides corresponding to such sequences.

The nucleic acid sequences described define genotypes of HCV with respect to four regions of the viral genome. Figure 1 depicts schematically the organization of HCV. The four regions of particular interest are the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, the 5'UT region and the core region.

The sequences set forth in the present application as sequences numbered 1-22 suggest at least five genotypes in the NS5 region. Sequences numbered 1-22 are depicted in Figure 2 as well as the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 1-22 is derived from nucleic acid having 340 nucleotides from the NS5 region.

The five genotypes are defined by groupings of the sequences defined by sequence numbered 1-22. For convenience, in the present application, the different genotypes will be assigned roman numerals and the letter "G".

The first genotype (GI) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 1-6. A second genotype (GII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 7-12. A third genotype (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 13-17. A fourth genotype (GIV) is exemplified by

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sequences within sequences numbered 20-22. A fifth genotype (GV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 18 and 19.

The sequences set forth in the present application as sequences numbered 23-32 suggest at least four genotypes in the envelope 1 region of HCV. Sequences numbered 23-32 are depicted in Figure 3 as well as in the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 23-32 is · - derived from nucleic acid having 100 nucleotides from the envelope 1 region.

A first envelope 1 genotype group (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within the sequences numbered 23-25. A second envelope 1 genotype (GII) region is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 26-28. A third envelope 1 genotype (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 32. A fourth envelope 1 genotype (GIV) is exemplified by the sequences within sequence numbered 29-31.

The sequences set forth in the present application as sequences numbered 33-51 suggest at least three 20 genotypes in the 5'UT region of HCV. Sequences numbered 33-51 are depicted in Figure 4 as well as in the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 33-51 is derived from the nucleic acid having 252 nucleotides from the 5'UT region, although sequences 50 and 51 are 25 somewhat shorter at approximately 180 nucleotides.

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The first 5'UT genotype (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 33-38. A second 5'UT genotype (GII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 39-45. A third 5'UT genotype (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 46-47. A fourth 5'UT genotype (GIV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences humbered 48 and 49. A fifth 5'UT genotype (GV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 50 and 51.

The sequences numbered 48-62 suggest at least three genotypes in the core region of HCV. The sequences numbered 52-66 are depicted in Figure 5 as well as in the Sequence Listing.

The first core region genotype (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 52-57. The second core region genotype (GII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 58-64. The third core region genotype (GIII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 65 and 66. Sequences numbered 52-65 are comprised of 549 nucleotides. Sequence numbered 66 is comprised of 510 nucleotides.

The various genotypes described with respect to each region are consistent. That is, HCV having features of the first genotype with respect to the NS5 region will substantially conform to features of the first genotype of the envelope 1 region, the 5'UT region and the core region.

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Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences set forth in sequence numbers 1-66 are useful as probes, primers, capture ligands and anti-sense agents. As probes, primers, capture ligands and anti-sense agents, the nucleic acid will normally comprise approximately eight or more nucleotides for specificity as well as the ability to form stable hybridization products.

#### 10 Probes

A nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with a sequence defining a particular genotype of a region of the HCV genome can be used as a probe to detect such genotype or used in combination with other nucleic acid probes to detect substantially all genotypes of HCV.

With the sequence information set forth in the present application, sequences of eight or more nucleotides are identified which provide the desired inclusivity and exclusivity with respect to various genotypes within HCV, and extraneous nucleic acid sequences likely to be encountered during hybridization conditions.

Individuals skilled in the art will readily recognize that the nucleic acid sequences, for use as probes, can be provided with a label to facilitate detection of a hybridization product.

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#### Capture Ligand

For use as a capture ligand, the nucleic acid selected in the manner described above with respect to probes, can be readily associated with supports. The manner in which nucleic acid is associated with supports is well known. Nucleic acid having sequences corresponding to a sequence within sequences numbered 1-66 have utility to separate viral nucleic acid of one genotype from the nucleic acid of HCV of a different genotype. Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with sequences within sequences numbered 1-66, used in combinations, have utility to capture substantially all nucleic acid of all HCV genotypes.

#### 15 Primers

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility as primers for the amplification of HCV sequences. With respect to polymerase chain reaction (PCR) techniques, nucleic acid sequences of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to one or more sequences of sequences numbered 1-66 have utility in conjunction with suitable enzymes and reagents to create copies of the viral nucleic acid. A plurality of primers having different sequences corresponding to more than one genotype can be used to create copies of viral nucleic acid for such genotypes.

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The copies can be used in diagnostic assays to detect HCV virus. The copies can also be incorporated into cloning and expression vectors to generate polypeptides corresponding to the nucleic acid synthesized by PCR, as will be described in greater detail below.

#### Anti-sense

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility as anti-sense genes to prevent the expression of HCV.

Nucleic acid corresponding to a genotype of HCV is loaded into a suitable carrier such as a liposome for introduction into a cell infected with HCV. A nucleic acid having eight or more nucleotides is capable of binding to viral nucleic acid or viral messenger RNA. Preferably, the anti-sense nucleic acid is comprised of 30 or more nucleotides to provide necessary stability of a hybridization product of viral nucleic acid or viral messenger RNA. Methods for loading anti-sense nucleic acid is known in the art as exemplified by U.S. Patent 4,241,046 issued December 23, 1980 to Papahadjopoulos et al.

#### 25 Peptide Synthesis

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility to

generate peptides. The sequences exemplified by sequences numbered 1-32 and 52-66 can be cloned into suitable vectors or used to isolate nucleic acid. The isolated nucleic acid is combined with suitable DNA linkers and cloned into a suitable vector. The vector can be used to transform a suitable host organism such as <u>E. coli</u> and the peptide encoded by the sequences isolated.

Molecular cloning techniques are described in the text Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Maniatis et al., Coldspring Harbor Laboratory (1982).

The isolated peptide has utility as an antigenic substance for the development of vaccines and antibodies directed to the particular genotype of HCV.

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#### Vaccines and Antibodies

The peptide materials of the present invention have utility for the development of antibodies and vaccines.

The availability of cDNA sequences, or nucleotide sequences derived therefrom (including segments and modifications of the sequence), permits the construction of expression vectors encoding antigenically active regions of the peptide encoded in either strand. The antigenically active regions may be derived from the NS5 region, envelope 1 regions, and the core region.

Fragments encoding the desired peptides are derived from the cDNA clones using conventional restriction digestion or by synthetic methods, and are ligated into vectors which may, for example, contain portions of fusion sequences such as beta galactosidase or superoxide dismutase (SOD), preferably SOD. Methods and vectors which are useful for the production of polypeptides which contain fusion sequences of SOD are described in European Patent Office Publication number 0196056, published October 1, 1986.

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Any desired portion of the HCV cDNA containing an open reading frame, in either sense strand, can be obtained as a recombinant peptide, such as a mature or fusion protein; alternatively, a peptide encoded in the cDNA can be provided by chemical synthesis.

The DNA encoding the desired peptide, whether in fused or mature form, and whether or not containing a signal sequence to permit secretion, may be ligated into expression vectors suitable for any convenient host. Both eukaryotic and prokaryotic host systems are presently used in forming recombinant peptides. The peptide is then isolated from lysed cells or from the culture medium and purified to the extent needed for its intended use. Purification may be by techniques known in the art, for example, differential extraction, salt fractionation, chromatography on ion exchange resins, affinity chromatography, centrifugation, and

the like. See, for example, Methods in Enzymology for a variety of methods for purifying proteins. Such peptides can be used as diagnostics, or those which give rise to neutralizing antibodies may be formulated into vaccines. Antibodies raised against these peptides can also be used as diagnostics, or for passive immunotherapy or for isolating and identifying HCV.

An antigenic region of a peptide is generally 10 relatively small--typically 8 to 10 amino acids or less in length. Fragments of as few as 5 amino acids may characterize an antigenic region. These segments may correspond to NS5 region, envelope 1 region, and the core region of the HCV genome. The 5'UT region is not 15 known to be translated. Accordingly, using the cDNAs of such regions, DNAs encoding short segments of HCV peptides corresponding to such regions can be expressed recombinantly either as fusion proteins, or as isolated peptides. In addition, short amino acid sequences can be conveniently obtained by chemical synthesis. 20 instances wherein the synthesized peptide is correctly configured so as to provide the correct epitope, but is too small to be immunogenic, the peptide may be linked to a suitable carrier.

A number of techniques for obtaining such linkage are known in the art, including the formation of disulfide linkages using N-succinimidy1-3-(2-

pyridylthio)propionate (SPDP) and succinimidyl 4-(N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (SMCC) obtained from Pierce Company, Rockford, Illinois, (if the peptide lacks a sulfhydryl group, this can be provided by addition of a cysteine residue). These reagents create a disulfide linkage between themselves and peptide cysteine residues on one protein and an amide linkage through the epsilon-amino on a lysine, or other free amino group in the other. A variety of such disulfide/amide-forming agents are known. See, for 10 example, Immun Rev (1982) 62:185. Other bifunctional coupling agents form a thioether rather than a disulfide linkage. Many of these thio-ether-forming agents are commercially available and include reactive 15 esters of 6-maleimidocaprioc acid, 2-bromoacetic acid, 2-iodoacetic acid, 4-N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1carboxylic acid, and the like. The carboxyl groups can be activated by combining them with succinimide or 1-hydroxyl-2 nitro-4-sulfonic acid, sodium salt. Additional methods of coupling antigens employs the 20 rotavirus/"binding peptide" system described in EPO Pub. No. 259,149, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. The foregoing list is not meant to be exhaustive, and modifications of the named compounds can clearly be used. 25

Any carrier may be used which does not itself induce the production of antibodies harmful to the

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host. Suitable carriers are typically large, slowly metabolized macromolecules such as proteins; polysaccharides, such as latex functionalized Sepharose, agarose, cellulose, cellulose beads and the like; polymeric amino acids, such as polyglutamic acid, polylysine, and the like; amino acid copolymers; and inactive virus particles. Especially useful protein substrates are serum albumins, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, immunoglobulin molecules, thyroglobulin, ovalbumin, tetanus toxoid, and other proteins well known to those skilled in the art.

Peptides comprising HCV amino acid sequences encoding at least one viral epitope derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core region are useful immunological reagents. The 5'UT region is not known 15 to be translated. For example, peptides comprising such truncated sequences can be used as reagents in an immunoassay. These peptides also are candidate subunit antigens in compositions for antiserum production or vaccines. While the truncated sequences can be 20 produced by various known treatments of native viral protein, it is generally preferred to make synthetic or recombinant peptides comprising HCV sequence. Peptides comprising these truncated HCV sequences can be made up entirely of HCV sequences (one or more epitopes, either 25 contiguous or noncontiguous), or HCV sequences and heterologous sequences in a fusion protein. Useful

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heterologous sequences include sequences that provide for secretion from a recombinant host, enhance the immunological reactivity of the HCV epitope(s), or facilitate the coupling of the polypeptide to an immunoassay support or a vaccine carrier. See, E.G., EPO Pub. No. 116,201; U.S. Pat. No. 4,722,840; EPO Pub. No. 259,149; U.S. Pat. No. 4,629,783.

The size of peptides comprising the truncated HCV sequences can vary widely, the minimum size being a sequence of sufficient size to provide an HCV epitope, 10 while the maximum size is not critical. For convenience, the maximum size usually is not substantially greater than that required to provide the desired HCV epitopes and function(s) of the heterologous sequence, if any. Typically, the 15 truncated HCV amino acid sequence will range from about 5 to about 100 amino acids in length. More typically, however, the HCV sequence will be a maximum of about 50 amino acids in length, preferably a maximum of about 30 amino acids. It is usually desirable to select HCV 20 sequences of at least about 10, 12 or 15 amino acids, up to a maximum of about 20 or 25 amino acids.

HCV amino acid sequences comprising epitopes can be identified in a number of ways. For example, the entire protein sequence corresponding to each of the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions can be screened by preparing a series of short peptides that together span

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the entire protein sequence of such regions. By starting with, for example, peptides of approximately 100 amino acids, it would be routine to test each peptide for the presence of epitope(s) showing a desired reactivity, and then testing progressively smaller and overlapping fragments from an identified peptides of 100 amino acids to map the epitope of interest. Screening such peptides in an immunoassay is within the skill of the art. It is also known to carry out a computer analysis of a protein sequence to identify potential epitopes, and then prepare peptides comprising the identified regions for screening.

The immunogenicity of the epitopes of HCV may also be enhanced by preparing them in mammalian or yeast systems fused with or assembled with particle-forming 15 proteins such as, for example, that associated with hepatitis B surface antigen. See, e.g., US 4,722,840. Constructs wherein the HCV epitope is linked directly to the particle-forming protein coding sequences 20 produce hybrids which are immunogenic with respect to the HCV epitope. In addition, all of the vectors prepared include epitopes specific to HBV, having various degrees of immunogenicity, such as, for example, the pre-S peptide. Thus, particles 25 constructed from particle forming protein which include HCV sequences are immunogenic with respect to HCV and HBV.

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Hepatitis surface antigen (HBSAg) has been shown to be formed and assembled into particles in S: cerevisiae (P. Valenzuela et al. (1982)), as well as in, for example, mammalian cells (P. Valenzuela et al. 1984)). The formation of such particles has been shown to enhance the immunogenicity of the monomer subunit. The constructs may also include the immunodominant epitope of HBSAg, comprising the 55 amino acids of the presurface (pre-S) region. Neurath et al. (1984). Constructs of the pre-S-HBSAg particle expressible in yeast are disclosed in EPO 174,444, published March 19, 1986; hybrids including heterologous viral sequences for yeast expression are disclosed in EPO 175,261, published March 26, 1966. These constructs may also be expressed in mammalian cells such as Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells using an SV40-dihydrofolate reductase vector (Michelle et al. (1984)).

In addition, portions of the particle-forming protein coding sequence may be replaced with codons encoding an HCV epitope. In this replacement, regions which are not required to mediate the aggregation of the units to form immunogenic particles in yeast of mammals can be deleted, thus eliminating additional HBV antigenic sites from competition with the HCV epitope.

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#### Vaccines

Vaccines may be prepared from one or more

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immunogenic peptides derived from HCV. The observed homology between HCV and Flaviviruses provides information concerning the peptides which are likely to be most effective as vaccines, as well as the regions of the genome in which they are encoded.

Multivalent vaccines against HCV may be comprised of one or more epitopes from one or more proteins derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions. In particular, vaccines are contemplated comprising one or more HCV proteins or subunit antigens derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions. The 5'UT region is not known to be translated.

The preparation of vaccines which contain an immunogenic peptide as an active ingredient, is known to one skilled in the art. Typically, such vaccines 15 are prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified, or the protein encapsulated in liposomes. 20 The active immunogenic ingredients are often mixed with excipients which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like and combinations thereof. 25 addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or

emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, and/or adjuvants which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccine. Examples of adjuvants which may be effective include but are not limited to: aluminum hydroxide, N-acetyl-muramyl-L-theronyl-D- isoglutamine (thr-MDP), N-acetyl-nor-muramyl-L-alanyl- D-isoglutamine (CGP 11637, referred to as nor-MDP), N- acetylmuramyl-Lalanyl-D-isoglutaminyl-L-alanine-2-(1- 2-dipalmitovl -sn-glycero-3-hydroxyphosphoryloxy)- ethylamine (CGP 10 19835A, referred to as MTP-PE), and RIBI, which contains three components extracted from bacteria, monophosphoryl lipid A, trehalose dimycolate and cell wall skeleton (MPL+TDM+CWS) in a 2% squalene/Tween 80 emulsion. The effectiveness of an adjuvant may be 15 determined by measuring the amount of antibodies directed against an immunogenic peptide containing an HCV antigenic sequence resulting from administration of this peptide in vaccines which are also comprised of the various adjuvants.

20 The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers may include, for example, polyalkylene glycols or triglycerides; such

suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient in the range of 0/5% to 10%, preferably 1%-2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch,

pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate, and the like.

The examples below are provided for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the present invention.

#### Detection of HCV RNA from Serum

RNA was extracted from serum using guanidinium salt, phenol and chloroform according to the

instructions of the kit manufacturer (RNAzol B kit, Cinna/Biotecx). Extracted RNA was precipitated with isopropanol and washed with ethanol. A total of 25 µl serum was processed for RNA isolation, and the purified RNA was resuspended in 5 µl diethyl pyrocarbonate treated water for subsequent cDNA synthesis.

## II. <u>cDNA Synthesis and Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)</u> <u>Amplification</u>

Table 1 lists the sequence and position (with reference to HCV1) of all the PCR primers and probes used in these examples. Letter designations for

nucleotides are consistent with 37 C.F.R. §§1.821-1.825. Thus, the letters A, C, G, T, and U are used in the ordinary sense of adenine, cytosine, guanine, thymine, and uracil. The letter M means A or C; R 5 means A or G; W means A or T/U; S means C or G; Y means C or T/U; K means G or T/U; V means A or C or G, not T/U; H means A or C or T/U, not G; D means A or G or T/U, not C; B means C or G or T/U, not A; N means (A or C or G or T/U) or (unknown or other). Table 1 is set forth below:

Table 1

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For cDNA synthesis and PCR amplification, a protocol developed by Perkin-Elmer/Cetus (GeneAmp® RNA PCR kit) was used. Both random hexamer and primers with specific complementary sequences to HCV were 5 employed to prime the reverse transcription (RT) reaction. All processes, except for adding and mixing reaction components, were performed in a thermal cycler (MJ Research, Inc.). The first strand cDNA synthesis reaction was inactivated at 99°C for 5 min, and then cooled at 50°C for 5 min before adding reaction 10 components for subsequent amplification. After an initial 5 cycles of 97°C for 1 min, 50°C for 2 min, and 72°C for 3 min, 30 cycles of 94°C for 1 min, 55°C for 2 min, and 72°C for 3 min followed, and then a final 7 min of elongation at 72°C. 15

For the genotyping analysis, sequences 67 and 68 were used as primers in the PCR reaction. These primers amplify a segment corresponding to the core and envelope regions. After amplification, the reaction products were separated on an agarose gel and then transferred to a nylon membrane. The immobilized reaction products were allowed to hybridize with a 32p-labelled nucleic acid corresponding to either Genotype I (core or envelope 1) or Genotype II (core or envelope 1). Nucleic acid corresponding to Genotype 1 comprised sequences numbered 69 (core), 71 (envelope), and 73 (envelope). Nucleic acid corresponding to

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Genotype II comprised sequences numbered 70 (core), 72 (envelope), and 74 (envelope).

The Genotype I probes only hybridized to the product amplified from isolates which had Genotype I sequence. Similarly, Genotype II probes only hybridized to the product amplified from isolates which had Genotype II sequence.

In another experiment, PCR products were generated using sequences 79 and 80. The products were analyzed as described above except Sequence No. 73 was used to detect Genotype I, Sequence No. 74 was used to detect Genotype II, Sequence No. 77 (5'UT) was used to detect Genotype III, and Sequence No. 78 (5'UT) was used to detect Genotype IV. Each sequence hybridized in a genotype specific manner.

### III. <u>Detection of HCV GI-GIV using a sandwich</u> hybridization assay for HCV RNA

An amplified solution phase nucleic acid sandwich hybridization assay format is described in this example. The assay format employs several nucleic acid probes to effect capture and detection. A capture probe nucleic acid is capable of associating a complementary probe bound to a solid support and HCV nucleic acid to effect capture. A detection probe nucleic acid has a first segment (A) that binds to HCV nucleic acid and a second segment (B) that hybridizes to a second amplifier nucleic acid.

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The amplifier nucleic acid has a first segment (B\*) that hybridizes to segment (B) of the probe nucleic acid and also comprises fifteen iterations of a segment (C). Segment C of the amplifier nucleic acid is capable of hybridizing to three labeled nucleic acids.

Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences of the envelope 1 gene of Group I HCV isolates are set forth in sequences numbered 81-99. Table 2 sets forth the area of the HCV genome to which the nucleic acid sequences correspond and a preferred use of the sequences.

Table 2 Probe Type Sequence No. Complement of 15 Nucleotide Numbers Label 81 879-911 Label 82 912-944 945-977 Capture 83 Label 978-1010 20 84 Label 1011-1043 85 Label 1044-1076 86 Label 1077-1109 87 Capture 1110-1142 88 1143-1175 25 Label 89

Table 2 continued

	Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
5			
	Label	90	1176–1208
	Label	91	1209-1241
	Label	92	1242=1274
	Capture	93	1275-1307
10	Label	94	1308-1340
	Label	95	1341-1373
	. Label	· 96	1374-1406
	Label	97	1407-1439
	Capture	98	1440-1472
15	Label	99	1473-1505

Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences of the envelope 1 gene of Group II HCV isolates are set forth in sequences 100-118. Table 3 sets forth the area of the HCV genome to which the nucleic acid corresponds and the preferred use of the sequences.

Table 3

-	Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
5	Label	100	======================================
	Label	101	912-944
	Capture	102	945-977
	Label	103	978-1010
10	Label	104	1011-1043
	Label	105	1044-1076
	Label	106	1077-1109
	Capture	107	1110-1142
	Label	108	1143-1175
15	Label	109	1176-1208
	Label	110	1209-1241
	Label	111	1242=1274
	Capture	112	1275-1307
	Label	113	1308-1340
20	Label	114	1341-1373
	Label	115	1374-1406
	Label	116	1407-1439
•	Capture	117	1440-1472
	Label	118	1473-1505
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Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences in the C gene and the 5'UT region

are set forth in sequences 119-145. Table 4 identifies the sequence with a preferred use.

Table 4

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		Sequence No.
	Capture	119
•	Label	120
10	Label	121
•	Label	122
	Capture	123
	Label	124
	Label	125
15	Label	126
	Capture	127
	Label	128
	Label	129
	Label	130
20	Capture	131
	Label	132
	Label	133
	Label	134
	Label	135
25	Capture	136
	Label	137
	Label	138

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Table 4 continued

	Probe Type	Sequence No.
	222222222	***********
5	Label	139
	Capture	140
	Label	141
	Label	142
	Label	143
10	Capture	144
	Label	145

The detection and capture probe HCV-specific segments, and their respective names as used in this assay were as follows.

Capture sequences are sequences numbered 119-122 and 141-144.

Detection sequences are sequences numbered 119-140.

Each detection sequence contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to the HCV sequences, a 5' extension (B) which extension (B) is complementary to a segment of the second amplifier nucleic acid. The extension (B) sequence is identified in the Sequence Listing as Sequence No. 146, and is reproduced below.

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT

Each capture sequence contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to HCV sequences, a sequence complementary to DNA bound to a solid phase. The sequence complementary to DNA bound to a solid support was carried downstream from the capture sequence. The sequence complementary to the DNA bound to the support is set forth as Sequence No. 147 and is reproduced below.

#### CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG

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Microtiter plates were prepared as follows. White Microlite I Removawell strips (polystyrene microtiter plates, 96 wells/plate) were purchased from Dynatech Inc.

Each well was filled with 200 μl 1 N HCl and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The wells were then filled with 200 μl 1 N NaOH and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were again washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

Poly(phe-lys) was purchased from Sigma Chemicals, Inc. This polypeptide has a 1:1 molar ratio of phe:lys and an average m.w. of 47,900 gm/mole. It has an average length of 309 amino acids and contains 155 amines/mole. A 1 mg/ml solution of the polypeptide was mixed with 2M NaCl/lX PBS to a final concentration of

0.1 mg/ml (pH 6.0). A volume of 200  $\mu$ l of this solution was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic to prevent drying and incubated at 30°C overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

5 The following procedure was used to couple the nucleic acid, a complementary sequence to Sequence No. 147, to the plates, hereinafter referred to as immobilized nucleic acid. Synthesis of immobilized nucleic acid having a sequence complementary to 10 Sequence No. 133 was described in EPA 883096976. quantity of 20 mg disuccinimidyl suberate was dissolved in 300  $\mu$ l dimethyl formamide (DMF). A quantity of 26 OD<sub>260</sub> units of immobilized nucleic acid was added to 100 µl coupling buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 15 7.8). The coupling mixture was then added to the DSS-DMF solution and stirred with a magnetic stirrer for 30 min. An NAP-25 column was equilibrated with 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. The coupling mixture DSS-DMF solution was added to 2 ml 10 mM sodium 20 phosphate, pH 6.5, at 4°C. The mixture was vortexed to mix and loaded onto the equilibrated NAP-25 column. DSS-activated immobilized nucleic acid DNA was eluted from the column with 3.5 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. A quantity of 5.6 OD<sub>260</sub> units of eluted 25 DSS-activated immobilized nucleic acid DNA was added to 1500 ml 50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8. A volume of 50

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µl of this solution was added to each well and the plates were incubated overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

Final stripping of plates was accomplished as follows. A volume of 200  $\mu l$  of 0.2N NaOH containing 0.5% (w/v) SDS was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic and incubated at 65°C for 60 min. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The stripped plate was stored with desiccant beads at 2-8°C.

Serum samples to be assayed were analyzed using PCR followed by sequence analysis to determine the genotype.

Sample preparation consisted of delivering 50 μl of the serum sample and 150 μl P-K Buffer (2 mg/ml proteinase K in 53 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0/0.6 M NaCl/0.06 M sodium citrate/8 mM EDTA, pH 8.0/1.3%SDS/16μg/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA/7% formamide/50 fmoles capture probes/160 fmoles detection probes) to each well. Plates were agitated to mix the contents in the well, covered and incubated for 16 hr at 62°C.

After a further 10 minute period at room temperature, the contents of each well were aspirated to remove all fluid, and the wells washed 2X with washing buffer (0.1% SDS/0.015 M NaCl/ 0.0015 M sodium citrate). The amplifier nucleic acid was then added to

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each well (50 µl of 0.7 fmole/µl solution in 0..48 M NaCl/0.048 M sodium citrate/0.1% SDS/0.5% "blocking reagent" (Boehringer Mannheim, catalog No. 1096 176)). After covering the plates and agitating to mix the contents in the wells, the plates were incubated for 30 min. at 52°C.

After a further 10 min period at room temperature, the wells were washed as described above.

Alkaline phosphatase label nucleic acid, disclosed in EP 883096976, was then added to each well (50 μl/well of 2.66 fmoles/μl). After incubation at 52°C for 15 min., and 10 min. at room temperature, the wells were washed twice as above and then 3X with 0.015 M NaCl/0.0015 M sodium citrate.

An enzyme-triggered dioxetane (Schaap et al., Tet. Lett. (1987) 28:1159-1162 and EPA Pub. No. 0254051), obtained from Lumigen, Inc., was employed. A quantity of 50 μl Lumiphos 530 (Lumigen) was added to each well. The wells were tapped lightly so that the reagent would fall to the bottom and gently swirled to distribute the reagent evenly over the bottom. The wells were covered and incubated at 37°C for 20-40 min.

Plates were then read on a Dynatech ML 1000 luminometer. Output was given as the full integral of the light produced during the reaction.

The assay positively detected each of the serum samples, regardless of genotype.

# IV. Expression of the Polypeptide Encoded in Sequences Defined by Differing Genotypes

HCV polypeptides encoded by a sequence within sequences 1-66 are expressed as a fusion polypeptide with superoxide dismutase (SOD). A cDNA carrying such sequences is subcloned into the expression vector psodcfl (Steimer et al. 1986)).

First, DNA isolated from pSODcfl is treated with BamHI and EcoRI, and the following linker was ligated into the linear DNA created by the restriction enzymes:

GAT CCT GGA ATT CTG ATA AGA

CCT TAA GAC TAT TTT AA 3
After cloning, the plasmid containing the insert is isolated.

Plasmid containing the insert is restricted with EcoRI. The HCV cDNA is ligated into this EcoRI linearized plasmid DNA. The DNA mixture is used to transform E. coli strain D1210 (Sadler et al. (1980)). Polypeptides are isolated on gels.

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#### V. Antiquenicity of Polypeptides

The antigenicity of polypeptides formed in Section IV is evaluated in the following manner. Polyethylene pins arranged on a block in an 8 12 array (Coselco Mimetopes, Victoria, Australia) are prepared by placing the pins in a bath (20% v/v piperidine in dimethylformamide (DMF)) for 30 minutes at room

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temperature. The pins are removed, washed in DMF for 5 minutes, then washed in methanol four times (2 min/wash). The pins are allowed to air dry for at least 10 minutes, then washed a final time in DMF (5Min). 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBt, 367 mg) is dissolved in DMF (80  $\mu$ L) for use in coupling Fmoc-protected polypeptides prepared in Section IV.

The protected amino acids are placed in micro-titer plate wells with HOBt, and the pin block placed over the plate, immersing the pins in the wells. The assembly is then sealed in a plastic bag and allowed to react at 25°C for 18 hours to couple the first amino acids to the pins. The block is then removed, and the pins washed with DMF (2 min.), MeOH (4 x, 2 min.), and again with DMF (2 min.) to clean and deprotect the bound amino acids. The procedure is repeated for each additional amino acid coupled, until all octamers are prepared.

The free N-termini are then acetylated to compensate for the free amide, as most of the epitopes are not found at the N-terminus and thus would not have the associated positive charge. Acetylation is accomplished by filling the wells of a microtiter plate with DMF/acetic anhydride/triethylamine (5:2:1 v/v/v) and allowing the pins to react in the wells for 90 minutes at 20°C. The pins are then washed with DMF (2

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min.) and MeOH (4 x, 2 min.), and air dried for at least 10 minutes.

The side chain protecting groups are removed by treating the pins with trifluoroacetic acid/phenol/dithioethane (95:2.5:1.5, v/v/v) in polypropylene bags for 4 hours at room temperature. The pins are then washed in dichloromethane (2 x, 2 min.), 5% di-isopropylethylamine/dichloromethane (2 x, 5 min.), dichloromethane (5 min.), and air-dried for at least 10 minutes. The pins are then washed in water (2 min.), MeOH (18 hours), dried in vacuo, and stored in sealed plastic bags over silica gel. IV.B.15.b Assay of Peptides.

Octamer-bearing pins are treated by sonicating for 30 minutes in a disruption buffer (1% sodium dodecylsulfate, 0.1% 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.1 M NaH2PO4) at 60°C. The pins are then immersed several times in water (60°C), followed by boiling MeOH (2 min.), and allowed to air dry.

The pins are then precoated for 1 hour at 25°C in microtiter wells containing 200 µL blocking buffer (1% ovalbumin, 1% BSA, 0.1% Tween, and 0.05% NaN3 in PBS), with agitation. The pins are then immersed in microtiter wells containing 175 µL antisera obtained from human patients diagnosed as having HCV and allowed to incubate at 4°C overnight. The formation of a complex between polyclonal antibodies of the serum and

the polypeptide initiates that the peptides give rise to an immune response in vivo. Such peptides are candidates for the development of vaccines.

Thus, this invention has been described and illustrated. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that many variations and modifications can be made without departing from the purview of the appended claims and without departing from the teaching and scope of the present invention.

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#### SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL	INFORMATION
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- 5 (i) APPLICANT: Tai-An Cha
  - (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS
- 10 (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 147
  - (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
    - (A) ADDRESSEE: Wolf, Greenfield & Sacks, P.C.
    - (B) STREET: 600 Atlantic Avenue
- 15 (C) CITY: Boston
  - (D) STATE: Massachusetts
  - (E) COUNTRY: USA
  - (F) ZIP: 02210
- 20 (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
  - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 5.25 inch
  - (B) COMPUTER: IBM compatible
  - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS Version 3.3
  - (D) SOFTWARE: WordPerfect 5.1

		(vi)	CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
			(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: Not Available
			(B) FILING DATE: Not Available
			(C) CLASSIFICATION: Not Available
5			
		(vii)	PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
	•		(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/697,326
			(B) FILING DATE: 8 May 1991
10		(viii)	ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
			(A) NAME: Janiuk, Anthony J.
	•		(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,809
			(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: C0772/7000
15		(ix)	TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
			(A) TELEPHONE: (617) 720-3500
			(B) TELEFAX: (617) 720-2441
			(C) TELEX: EZEKIEL
20	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
			(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
25		F W	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394) (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5hcvl	
5 10		(Xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1 CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT CGACCCCCAA GCCCGCGTGG CCATCAAGTC CCTCACCGAG AGGCTTTATG TTGGGGGCCC TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCAGG TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCACTTG CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ACGCGGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC	40 80 120 160 240 240 320 340
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:	
20		<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
25		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	

	•	(vi)	ORIGI	NAL SOU	RCE:			
			(C)	INDIVI	DUAL I	SOLATE:	ns5i21	
		(xi)	SEQUEN	ICE DES	CRIPTI(	ON: SEQ	ID NO: 2	
5		CTCCA	CAGTC AC	CTGAGAG	CG ACA	TCCGTAC	GGAGGAGGCA	40
		ATTTA	CCAAT GI	TGTGAC	CT GGA	CCCCAA	GCCCGCATGG	80
		CCATC	AAGTC CO	TCACTG	AG AGG	CTTTATG	TCGGGGGCCC	120
		TCTTA	CCAAT TO	AAGGGG	eg agai	ACTGCGG	CTACCGCAGG	160
							TGTGGTAACA	
10							CCTGTCGAGC	
							GTGTGGCGAC	
							GTCCAGGAGG	
			GCGAG CC					340
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION F	OR SEQ	ID NO:	3:		
	-	(i)	SEQUEN	CE CHAF	ACTERI	STICS:		
			(A)	LENGTH:	340	nucleot	ides	
			(B)	TYPE:	nuclei	.c acid		
20						singl	.e	
				TOPOLOG		_		
		(ii)	MOLECU	LE TYPE	: DNA			
25		(vi)	ORIGIN	AL SOUR	CE:			
			(C)	individ	ual ie	olate	ne5nt1	

		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3	3
		CTCCAC	CAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGAG	GCA 40
		ATCTAC	CCAAT GTTGTGATCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCG	rgg 80
		CCATCA	AAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTACG TTGGGGGG	CCC 120
5		TCTTAC	CAAT TCAAGGGGG AGAACTGCGG CTACCGC	AGG 160
		TGCCGG	GCGA GCGCCTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTA	ATA 200
		CCCTCA	ACTTG CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGA	AGC 240
		CGCAGG	GCTC CGGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGT(	GAC 280
		GACTTG	GTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGTGCGGGG GTCCAGGA	AGG 320
10		ACGCGG	SCGAG CCTGAGAGCC	340
	(2)	INFORM	TATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
15			(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	-
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
20		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gm2	
25		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4	<u> </u>
			AGTC ACTGAGAACG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGAGG	
		3 00003 0	CAND COMPONENCY CONCCCCAN CCCCCCC	ree 80

		CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTATG TTGGGGGCCC	120
	•	CCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AAAACTGCGG CTATCGCAGG	160
		TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200
		CCCTCACTTG CTACATTAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
5		CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	280
		GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGTGCGGGA GTCCAGGAGG	320
		ACGCGCGAA CTTGAGAGCC	340
		7000000.1. ODD00000000000000000000000000000000000	
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5	
10	(-)		
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
15		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
			-
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
20		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5us17	
		V - V	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5	
		CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ATATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA	40
		ATCTACCAGT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCGTGG	80
25	•	CCATCAAGTC CCTCACCGAG AGGCTTTATG TCGGGGGCCC	120
		TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AAAACTGCGG CTATCGCAGG	160
		TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200
		**************************************	

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		CCCTCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCCCAAGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	24
		CGCAGGGCTC CGGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	28
		GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGTCAGGGA GTCCAGGAGG	320
		ATGCAGCGAA CCTGAGAGCC	340
5			
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6	
	•	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
:		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
10		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
15			
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sp2	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6	
20		CTCTACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ATATCCGTAC GGAGGAGGCA	40
		ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCGAA GCCCGTGTGG	80
		CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTATG TTGGGGGCCCC	120
		TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG	160
		TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTACT GACGACTAGC TGTGGTAATA	200
25		CCCTCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
<u> L</u> J		CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	280
		CACHARACTIC CHARACTACH CONTACTORT ATATAGCAMC	200

		GACCIAGICG TIATCIGCGA AAGIGCGGG GICCAGGAG	321
		ACGCGGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC	. 340
5	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
10		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
15		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5j1	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7	
		CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAATG ACACCCGTGT TGAGGAGTC	40
	•	ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGACAG	3 80
20		CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTCTATG TCGGGGGTC	120
		TATGACTAAC TCCAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCCGG	160
	•	TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
		CCCTCACATG CTACCTGAAG GCCACAGCGG CCTGTCGAGC	240
		TGCCAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGAGAC	280
25		GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG AACCAAGAGG	320
		ACGCGGCAAG CCTACGAGCC	340

	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8	
5		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
••		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
10		<pre>(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:    (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5kl</pre>	
15 20		(XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8 CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATTTACCAAA GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAG GCCAGACAAG CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA TCGGGGGCCC CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCCGA TGCCGCGCCA GCGGTGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA CCCTCACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCACTGCGG CCTGTAGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGCGGAGAC GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGA ACCCAGGAGG ATGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	40 80 120 160 200 240 280 320 340
25	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9	

		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
5		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
10		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k1.1	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9	
		CTCAACGGTC ACCGAGAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA	40
		ATTTATCAAT GTTGTGCCTT GGCCCCCGAG GCTAGACAGG	80
15		CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTATA TCGGGGGCCC	120
		CCTGACCAAT TCAAAGGGGC AGAACTGCGG TTATCGCCGG	160
		TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTACT GACGACCAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
		CCCTTACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
		CGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGTGGGGAC	280
20		GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGA ACCCAGGAGG	320
		ACGCGGCGAA CCTACGAGTC	340
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10	
25		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(P) TVDE: muclaic acid	

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		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gh6	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10	
10		CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT CGAGGAGTCG	40
		ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGGCAGG	80
		CCATAAGGTC GCTCACCGAG CGACTTTATA TCGGGGGCCC	120
		CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG TTATCGCCGG	160
		TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
15		CCCTCACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
		TGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGGGAC	280
		GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGCGA GAGCGCGGGA ACCCAAGAGG	320
		ACGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	340
20	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
25		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE	: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOUR	CE:	
			(C) INDIVID	UAL ISOLATE: ns5	spl
5					
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESC	RIPTION: SEQ ID N	10: 11
		CTCCAC	AGTC ACTGAGAGT	G ACATCCGTGT TGAG	GAGTCA 40
		ATTTAC	CAAT GTTGTGACT	r ggcccccgaa gcca	GACAGG 80
	:	CTATAA	GTC GCTCACAGA	G CGGCTGTACA TCGG	GGGTCC 120
10		CCTGAC	TAAT TCAAAAGGG	C AGAACTGCGG CTAT	CGCCGG 160
		TGCCGC	CAA GCGGCGTGC	r GACGACTAGC TGCG	GTAACA 200
		CCCTCA	CATG TTACTTGAA	G GCCTCTGCGG CCTG	STCGAGC 240
		TGCGAA	SCTC CAGGACTGC	A CGATGCTCGT GTGC	GGTGAC 280
		GACCTT	STCG TTATCTGTG	A GAGCGCGGGA ACCC	CAAGAGG 320
15		ACGCGG	CGAG CCTACGAGT	C	340
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ	ID NO: 12	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHAR	ACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH:	340 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: n	ucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDE	DNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOG	Y: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE	: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOUR	CE:	

		(C) individual isolate: ns5sp3	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12	
		CTCAACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA	4
5		ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGACAGG	
		CTATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA TCGGGGGTCC	
		CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCCGG	
		TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	
		CCCTCACATG TTACCTGAAG GCCAGTGCGG CCTGTCGAGC	24
10		TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CAATGCTCGT GTGCGGTGAC	28
		GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGCGGGG ACCCAAGAGG	32
		ACGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	34
15	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	-	(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
20		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
25		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k2	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13	

		CTCAACCGTC ACTGAGAGAG ACATCAGAAC TGAGGAGTCC	4
		ATATACCGAG CCTGCTCCCT GCCTGAGGAG GCTCACATTG	8
		CCATACACTC GCTGACTGAG AGGCTCTACG TGGGAGGGCC	120
		CATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGCC AGACCTGCGG GTACAGGCGT	160
5		TGCCGCGCCA GCGGGGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGGAACA	200
		CCATCACATG CTATGTAAAA GCCCTAGCGG CTTGCAAGGC	240
	•	TGCAGGGATA GTTGCACCCT CAATGCTGGT ATGCGGCGAC	280
		GACTTAGTTG TCATCTCAGA AAGCCAGGGG ACTGAGGAGG	320
		ACGAGCGGAA CCTGAGAGCT	340
10			
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
15		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
13		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20		(10) HOLLOCAL TIPL. DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
•		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5arg8	
Ÿ		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14	
25		CTCTACAGTC ACGTAAAAGG ACATCACATC CTAGGAGTCC	40
		ATCTACCAGT CCTGTTCACT GCCCGAGGAG GCTCGAACTG	80
			120

		CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGCC AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGCGT	160
		TGCCGCGCGA GCGCAGTGCT CACCACCAGC ATGGGCAACA	200
		CACTCACGTG CTACGTAAAA GCCAGGGCGG CGTGTAACGC	240
		CGCGGGGATT GTTGCTCCCA CCATGCTGGT GTGCGGTGAC	280
		GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAAGGG GCTGAGGAGG	320
5			340
		ACGAGCAGAA CCTGAGAGTC	
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15	
10		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15			
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i10	•
20			
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15	
*		CTCTACAGTC ACAGAGAGGG ACATCAGAAC CGAGGAGTCC	40
		ATCTATCTGT CCTGCTCACT GCCTGAGGAG GCCCGAACTG	80
		CTATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGACTGTACG TAGGGGGGCC	120
25		CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGGC AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGCGT	160
		TGCCGCGCGA GCGGAGTGCT CACCACCAGC ATGGGCAACA	200
		CGCTCACGTG CTACGTGAAA GCCAGAGCGG CGTGTAACGC	240

	CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCCA CCATGTTGGT GTGCGGCGAC	280
	GACCTGGTTG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGGG GTCGAGGAAG	320
	ATGAGCGGAA CCTGAGAGTC	340
5	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
10		
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
15	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
	(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5arg6	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16	
	CTCTACAGTC ACGGAGAGGG ACATCAGAAC CGAGGAGTCC	
20	ATCTATCTGT CCTGTTCACT GCCTGAGGAG GCTCGAACTG	40
	CCATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGGCTGTACG TAGGGGGGCC	80
	CATGACAAAC AGCAAACGC AAMCCMCCC CATGACAACA CTAGGGGGGCC	
	CATGACAAAC AGCAAAGGGC AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGCGT	160
	TGCCGCGCGA GCGGAGTGCT CACCACCAGC ATGGGTAACA	200
25	CACTCACGTG CTACGTGAAA GCTAAAGCGG CATGTAACGC	240
43	CGCGGGCATT GTTGCCCCCA CCATGTTGGT GTGCGGCGAC	280
	GACCTAGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAAGGG GTCGAGGAGG	320
	ATGAGCGAAA CCTGAGAGCT	340

	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO. 1.	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
5		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
10		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k2b	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17	
15		CTCAACCGTC ACGGAGAGGG ACATAAGAAC AGAAGAATCC	40
73		ATATATCAGG GTTGTTCCCT GCCTCAGGAG GCTAGAACTG	80
		CTATCCACTC GCTCACTGAG AGACTCTACG TAGGAGGGCC	120
		CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGAC AATCCTGCGG TTACAGGCGT	160
		TGCCGCGCCA GCGGGGTCTT CACCACCAGC ATGGGGAATA	20
20		CCATGACATG CTACATCAAA GCCCTTGCAG CGTGCAAAGC	24
20		TGCAGGGATC GTGGACCCTA TCATGCTGGT GTGTGGAGAC	28
		GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCGGA GAGCGAAGGT AACGAGGAGG	32
		ACGAGCGAAA CCTGAGAGCT	34
25	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	

		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5			
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sa283	
10			
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18	
		CTCGACCGTT ACCGAACATG ACATAATGAC TGAAGAGTCT	40
		ATTTACCAAT CATTGTACTT GCAGCCTGAG GCGCGTGTGG	80
		CAATACGGTC ACTCACCCAA CGCCTGTACT GTGGAGGCCC	_
15		CATGTATAAC AGCAAGGGGC AACAATGTGG TTATCGTAGA	160
		TGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGTCTT CACCACTAGT ATGGGCAACA	
		CCATGACGTG CTACATTAAG GCTTTAGCCT CCTGTAGAGC	
		CGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGCTCCTGGT GTGTGGTGAT	
		GATAAAGCGA CCTGAGAGCC	320
20		on the second se	340
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
25		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	-

		(ii)	MOLECUL	E TYPE:	DNA			
		(vi)	ORIGINA	L SOURC	E:			
			(C) I	NDIVIDU	AL ISOI	ATE:	ns5sa156	
5								
		(xi)	SEQUENC	E DESCR	IPTION:	SEQ	ID NO: 19	
		CTCGA	CCGTT ACC	<b>GAACAT</b> G	ACATAA	TGAC	TGAAGAGTCC	40
		ATTTA	CAAT CAT	<b>IGTACTT</b>	GCAGCC	TGAG	GCACGCGCGG	80
		CAATA	CGGTC ACT	CACCCAA	CGCCTG	TACT	GTGGAGGCCC	120
10		CATGT	ATAAC AGC	AAGGGGC	AACAAT	GTGG	TTACCGTAGA	160
		TGCCGC	CGCCA GCG	CGTCTT	CACCAC	CAGT .	ATGGGCAACA	200
		CCATG	ACGTG CTAC	CATCAAG	GCTTCA	GCCG	CCTGTAGAGC	240
		TGCAAA	AGCTC CAG	actgca	CGCTCC	TGGT	GTGTGGTGTG	280
		ACCTTO	GTGG CCAT	TTGCGA	GAGCCA	AGGG 2	ACGCACGAGG	320
15		ATGAAG	CGTG CCTG	AGAGTC				340
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR	SEQ II	) NO: 2	0	-	
		(i)	SEQUENCE	CHARAC	CTERIST	ics:		
20			(À) LE	NGTH: 3	340 nuc	leotid	ies	
			(B) TY	PE: nuc	cleic a	cid		
			(C) ST	RANDEDI	TESS: 1	single	•	
			(D) TO	POLOGY:	linear	<b>.</b>		
25		(ii)	MOLECULE	TYPE:	DNA			
		(vi)	ORIGINAL	SOURCE	:			

		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5ill	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20	
		CTCTACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
5		ATATACCAGT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
		TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAG CGGCTTTACT GCGGGGGCCC	120
		TATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATCGCCGT	160
		TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTCCT GCCTACCAGC TTCGGCAACA	200
		CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCTAGAGCGG CTTCGAAGGC	240
10		CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCGGAGAT	280
		GATCTGGTCG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGAGG	320
		ATAGAGCAGC CCTGAGAGCC	340
15	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21	
15		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
•		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
20		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
25		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i4	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21	

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		CTCGACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
		ATATACCAAT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
		TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAG CGGCTTTACT GCGGGGGCCC	120
		TATGTTCAAT AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATCGCCGT	160
5		TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAGC TTCGGCAACA	200
		CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCTAGAGCGG CTGCGAAGGC	240
		CGCAGGGCTC CGGACCCCGG ACTTTCTCGT CTGCGGAGAT	280
		GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGAGG	320
		ATAGAACAGC CCTGCGAGCC	340
10			
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
15		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20			
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gh8	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22	
25		CTCAACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
		ATATACCAAT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
		TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAA CGGCTTTACT GCGGGGGCCC	120

		TATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TIAICGCCGT	
		TGCCGTGCCA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAGC TTCGGCAACA	200
		CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAA GCTAGAGCGG CTGCCGAAGC	240
		CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCGGAGAT	280
		GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCAATGAGG	320
5			340
		ATAGAGCAGC CCTGGGAGCC	
	403	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23	
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR DDg ID that I	
10		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
10		(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
•		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(b) 10102001. 12002.	
15		ALLE WOLDOW E MUDE: DNA	
-		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl	
		(C) INDIAIDOUR ISOURID: 144.	
20		THE PROPERTY OF THE NOT 23	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23	40
		GACGGCGTTG GTAATGGCTC AGCTGCTCCG GATCCCACAA	80
		GCCATCTTGG ACATGATCGC TGGTGCTCAC TGGGGAGTCC	100
		TGGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTTC	100
25			
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24	

	-	(1)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
5			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
10			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: US5	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24	
		GACGG	CGTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA	40
		GCCAT	CATGG ACATGATCGC TGGAGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC	80
15		TGGCG	GCAT AGCGTATTTC	100
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
•			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	

			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AUSS	
5	·	AACGGC GCCATC	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25 CGCTG GTAGTAGCTC AGCTGCTCAG GGTCCCGCAA CGTGG ACATGATCGC TGGTGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC GGCAT AGCGTATTTT	40 80 100
	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26	
10		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE: (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: US4	
20		GACAG GCCGT	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26 SCCCTA GTGGTATCGC AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA CCATGG ATATGGTGGC GGGGGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC GGGCCT TGCCTACTAT	
25	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27	

		(1)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
5			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
10			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ARG2	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27	
		AGCAG	CCCTA GTGGTGTCGC AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA	40
		AGCAT	CGTGG ACATGGTGGC GGGGGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC	80
15		TGGCG	GGCCT TGCTTACTAT	100
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28	•
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	

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			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: 115	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28	
			CCCTA GTGGTGTCGC AGTTACTCCG GATCCCGCAA	
5		GCTGT	CGTGG ACATGGTGGC GGGGGCCCAC TGGGGAATCC	80
		TAGCG	GGTCT TGCCTACTAT	100
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29	
10		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		•	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15				
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GH8	
20				
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29	
			TATG GTGGTGGCGC ACGTCCTGCG TTTGCCCCAG	40
			TTCG ACATAATAGC CGGGGCCCAT TGGGGCATCT	
			GCTT GGCCTATTAC	100
25				100
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30	

		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
5			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
10			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: 14	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30	
		TGTGG	GTATG GTGGTAGCAC ACGTCCTGCG TCTGCCCCAG	40
		ACCTT	GTTCG ACATAATAGC CGGGGCCCAT TGGGGCATCT	80
15	_	TGGCA	GGCCT AGCCTATTAC	100
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	

	;	(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: III	
5		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31 TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC AAGTCCTGCG TTTGCCCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACGTGCTAGC CGGGGCCCAT TGGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCCT GGCCTATTAC	
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32	
10		<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
15		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I10	
	:	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32 TACCACTATG CTCCTGGCAT ACTTGGTGCG CATCCCGGAG GTCATCCTGG ACATTATCAC GGGAGGACAC TGGGGCGTGA TGTTTGGCCT GGCTTATTTC	
25	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33	

		(i).	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
5			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)	
10			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33	
		GTTAGI	ATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGAG	SAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
15		GGAATI	GCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
		GCTCAA	TGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG	160
		CTAGCC	GAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCTG	ATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACCG	STGCA CC	252
20				
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
25			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us5	
5				
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34	
		GTTAGT	ATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGAG	AGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATT	GCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC 1	.20
10		GCTCAA!	TGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG 1	.60
		CTAGCC	GAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 2	:00
		TGCCTG	ATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 2	40
		AGACCG!	IGCA CC 2	:52
15	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35	
	•	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	•		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20`			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: aus1	

		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35	
		GTTAG	TATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGA	GAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAAT'	TGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
5		GCTCA	ATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCACGCCCC CGCAAGATCA	160
		CTAGC	CGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCT	GATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACC	GTGCA CC	252
10	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp2	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36	
		GTTAGT	ATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
25		CGGGAG	AGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATT	GCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC	120
		GCTCAA'	TGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160

	·	TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	200 240
		AGACCGTGCA CC	252
5	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
10		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
15		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
	* * *	(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gm2	• •
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 37	
		GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
20		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	
		GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG	
		CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	
25		AGACCGTGCA CC	252
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38	

		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
5		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
10		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i21	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 38	
		GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
15		GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC 1	.20
		GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG 1	60
		CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 2	00
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 2	40
		AGACCGTGCA CC 2	52
20			
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
25		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us4	
5				
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39	
•		GTTAGT	fatga gtgtcgtgca gcctccagga cccccctcc	40
		CGGGAG	SAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATT	FGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
10		GCTCAA	ATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160
		CTAGCC	CGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
	•	TGCCTG	SATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACCG	STGCA CC	252
15	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	-
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: jh1	

	•	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40	
		GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
5		GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160
		CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACCGTGCA TC	252
		<u>.</u>	
10	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 41	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(···	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: nac5	
		(0, 1,01,130,1111, 1,1111)	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 41	
		GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
25		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
		GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160

		CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	20
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	24
		AGACCGTGCA CC	25
5	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42	
	-	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
10		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
15		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg2	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 42	
		GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
20		GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
		GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160
		CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACCGTGCA CC	252
25		•	
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43	

		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
5			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
10			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: spl	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 43	
			TATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGA	GAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
15		GGAAT'	TGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
		GCTCA	ATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160
		CTAGC	CGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCT	GATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACC	GTGCA CC	252
20			·	
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 44	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
25			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

		(ii)	MOLEC	CULE TYP	E: D	NA		
		(vi)	ORIGI	NAL SOU	RCE:			
5						ISOLATE:	gh1	
J		(xi)	SEQUE	NCE DES	CRIPT	ION: SEO	ID NO: 44	
							CCCCCCTCC	A
							TGAGTACACC	
							GGATCAACCC	
10							CGCGAGACTG	
							CTTGTGGTAC	
							GAGGTCTCGT	
	•		STGCA C		LG AGI	.GCCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	
		NONCC	JIGUA CI					252
15	(2)	INFORM	iation 1	FOR SEQ	ID NO	): 45	,	٠
	-	(i)	SEQUE	NCE CHAI	CACTER	ISTICS:		
						nucleoti	des	
				TYPE: r				
20						: singl	.e	
				TOPOLOG		_		
		(ii)	MOLECU	ILE TYPE	: DN	A		
25		(vi)	ORIGIN	IAL SOUR	CE:			
						SOLATE:	i15 ·	

	•	(xi)	SEQUE	NCE DES	CRIPTION	ON: SEQ	ID NO: 45	
		GTTAG:	ratga G	TGTCGTG	CA GCC	rccagga	CCCCCCTCC	4
		CGGGA	GAGCC A	TAGTGGT	CT GCG	GAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	8
		GGAAT:	rgcca g	GACGACC	GG GTC	CTTTCTT	GGATCAACCC	120
5		GCTCA	ATGCC T	GGAGATT	TG GGC	STGCCCC	CGCGAGACTG	160
		CTAGC	CGAGT A	GTGTTGG	GT CGC	GAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	20
	-	TGCCT	ATAG G	GTGCTTG	CG AGT	CCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT.	240
		AGACCO	etgca c	C				252
10	(2)	INFORM	IATION	FOR SEQ	ID NO	46		
		(i)	SEQUE	NCE CHA	RACTER	STICS:		
			(A)	LENGTH	: 252 r	ucleot	ides	
			(B)	TYPE:	nucleio	e acid		
15			(C)	STRAND	EDNESS:	sing	le	
			(D)	TOPOLO	GY: lir	ear	- •	
		(ii)	MOLEC	ULE TYP	E: DNA	1		
20		(vi)	ORIGI	NAL SOU				
			(C)	INDIVI	DUAL IS	OLATE:	i10	

		(XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 46	
		GCTAGTATCA GTGTCGTACA GCCTCCAGGC CCCCCCTCC	4
		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	8
		GGAATTGCCG GGAAGACTGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC	120
5		ACTCTATGCC CGGCCATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG	166
		CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT TGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACCGTGCA TC	252
10	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg6	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 47	
		GTTAGTATGA GTCTCGTACA GCCTCCAGGC CCCCCCTCC	40
25		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATTGCTG GGAAGACTGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC	120
		ACTCTATGCC CAGCCATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCAAGACTG	160

		CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT TGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACCGTGCA TC	252
5	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
10		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
15		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: s21	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 48	
		GTTAGTACGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CTCCCCCTCC	40
20		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGAGCAACCC	120
		GCTCAATACC CAGAAATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGATCA	160
		CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
25		AGACCGTGCA AC	252
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 49	

		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
5		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
10		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gj61329	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 49	
15		GTTAGTACGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
-		GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGAGTAACCC	120
		GCTCAATACC CAGAAATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGATCA	
		CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	
20		TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
		AGACCGTGCA AC	252
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 50	
25		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 180 nucleotides	

			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	:		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		•	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
			(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sa3	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 50	
10				
		GTTAG'	TATGA GTGTCGAACA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC	40
		CGGGA	GAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
		GGAAT'	IGCCG GGATGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC	120
		GCTCA	ATGCC CGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160
15		CTAGC	CGAGT AGTGTTGGGT	180
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 51	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 180 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi)	ORIGINAL SOURCE:	

			(C)	IN	DIVIDU	JAL	ISOL	ATE:	sa4			
	(	xi)	SEQU	JENCE	DESCR	IPT	ION:	SEQ	ID N	o:	51	
	G	TTAGT	ATGA	GTGT	CGAACA	GC	CTCC	AGGA	cccc	CCC'	TCC	40
5	C	GGGAG	AGCC	ATAG	TGGTCT	GC	GGAA	ccgg	TGAG	TAC	ACC	80
	G	GAATT(	GCCG	GGAT	GACCGG	GT	CCTT:	<b>ICTT</b>	GGAT.	AAA	CCC	120
	G	CTCAA:	rgcc	CGGA	<b>SATTTG</b>	GG	CGTG	ccc	CGCG	AGA	CTG	160
	C	TAGCC	BAGT	AGTG:	rt <b>g</b> ggt							180
10				_	-							
~ (	2) I	NFORMA	ATION	FOR	SEQ I	D NO	O: 52	2				
	` <b>(</b> :	i)	SEQU	ENCE	CHARA	CTEI	RISTI	CS:				
			(A)	LEN	IGTH:	549	nucl	eoti	des			
15			(B)	TYI	E: nu	clei	ic ac	id				
			(C)	STF	(ANDED)	VES:	3: s	ingl	е			
			(D)	TOF	OLOGY	: li	inear	•		••		•
20	(:	li)	MOLE	CULE	TYPE:	DN	IA					
LV	(v	ri)			SOURCE					<b>!)</b>		
			(C)	IND	IVIDUA	L I	SOLA	TE:	hcvl	•		

		(xi)	SEQ	UENCE	DESCR	IPTIO	n: SEQ	ID NO:	52	
		ATGAGO	ACGA	ATCC!	TAAACC	TCAA	AAAAA	AACAAA	CGTA	40
		ACACCA	ACCG	TCGC	CCACAG	GACG	TCAAGT	TCCCGG	GTGG	80
		CGGTCA	GATC	GTTG	<b>GTGGAG</b>	TTTA	CTTGTT	GCCGCG	CAGG	120
5		GGCCCT	AGAT	TGGG:	rgtgcg	CGCG	ACGAGA	AAGACT	rccg	160
		AGCGGT	CGCA	ACCT	CGAGGT	AGAC	GTCAGC	CTATCC	CCAA	200
		GGCTCG	TCGG	CCCG	AGGGCA	GGAC	CTGGGC	TCAGCC	CGGG	240
		TACCCT	TGGC	CCCT	CTATGG	CAAT	GAGGGC	TGCGGG:	rggg	280
		CGGGAT	GGCT	CCTG	CTCCC	CGTG	GCTCTC	GGCCTA	<b>3CTG</b>	320
10		GGGCCC	CACA	GACCO	CCCGC	GTAG	STCGCG	CAATTT	<b>3</b> GGT	360
		AAGGTC	ATCG	ATACO	CCTTAC	GTGC	<b>GCTTC</b>	GCCGAC	CTCA	400
		TGGGGT	ACAT	ACCG	CTCGTC	GGCGG	CCCTC	TTGGAG	<b>3CGC</b>	440
		TGCCAG	GGCC	CTGGC	CGCATG	GCGT	CCGGGT	TCTGGA	AGAC	480
		GGCGTG	AACT	ATGC	AACAGG	GAAC	CTTCCT	GGTTGCT	CTT	520
15		TCTCTA	TCTT	CCTTC	CTGGCC	CTGC	CTCT			549
	(2)	INFORM	ATION	FOR	SEQ II	NO:	53		• • • •	
		(i)	SEQU	JENCE	CHARAC	CTERIS	STICS:			
20			(A)	LEN	IGTH:	549 ni	icleot:	ides		
			(B)	TYE	E: nuc	cleic	acid	•		
			(C)	STF	RANDEDI	TESS:	sing	le .		
			(D)	TOP	POLOGY	line	ear			
25		(ii)	MOLE	CULE	TYPE:	DNA				
		(vi)	ORIG	INAL	SOURCE	Ē:				

#### (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us5

•	(X1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 53	
	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
5	ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
	CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
10	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG	280
	CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCACA	400
	TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC	440
15	TGCCAGGGCT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 54

20

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 25 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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		(vi)	ORI	GINAL	SOURC	E:				
			(C)	IN	DIVIDU	AL ISC	LATE:	ausl		
· <b>5</b>		(xi)	SEQ	JENCE	DESCR	IPTION	: SEQ	ID NO:	54	
		ATGAG						ACCAAA		4(
		· ACACC	AACCG	TCGC	CCACAG	GACGT	TAAGT	TCCCGG	GTGG	80
		CGGTC	AGATC	GTTG	STGGAG	TTTAC	TTGTT	GCCGCG	CAGG	120
		GGCCC'	TAGAT	TGGG	PODTE	CGCGA	CGAGG	AAGACT	TCCG	160
10		AGCGG!	TCGCA	ACCTO	GAGGT	AGACG	TCAGC	CTATCC	CTAA	200
		GGCGC	STCGG	CCCGZ	AGGGCA	GGACC	TGGGC	TCAGCC	CGGG	240
		TACCC	CTGGC	CCCTC	CTATGG	TAATG	AGGGT	TGCGGA	TGGG	280
		CGGGA:	rggct	CCTGI	cccc	CGTGG	CTCTC	GGCCTA	GTTG	320
		GGGCC	CTACA	GACCO	CCGGC	GTAGG!	TCGCG	CAATTT	GGGT	360
15		AAGGTO	CATCG	ATACC	CTCAC	GTGCG	GCTTC	GCCGAC	CACA	400
		TGGGGT	CACAT	TCCGC	TCGTT	GGCGC	CCCTC	TTGGGG	GCGC	440
+*		TGCCAG	GGCC	CTGGC	GCATG	GCGTC	CGGGT	TCTGGA	AGAC	480
		GGCGTG	AACT	ATGCA	ACAGG	GAATC:	TTCCT	GGTTGC	<b>ICTT</b>	520
		TCTCTA	TCTT	CCTTC	TGGCC	CTTCT	CTCT			549
20										
	(2)	INFORM	ATION	FOR	SEQ II	No: 5	55			
		(i)	SEQU	ENCE	CHARAC	TERIST	TICS:			
			(A)	LEN	GTH: 5	49 nuc	cleoti	des		
25			(B)	TYP	E: nuc	leic a	cid			
			(C)	STR	ANDEDN	ESS:	singl	e		

TOPOLOGY: linear

(D)

		-							
	(ii)	MOL	ECULE	TYPE:	DNA	A.			
	(vi)	ORI	SINAL	SOURC	E:	-			
		(C)	IN	DIVIDU	AL IS	SOLATE:	sp2		
	(xi)	SEQ	JENCE	DESCR	IPTIC	N: SEQ	ID NO:	55	
	ATGAGC	ACGA	ATCC	TAAACC	TCAA	AGAAAA	ACCAAA	CGTA	4(
	ACACCA	ACCG	TCGC	CACAG	GACG	TCAAGT	TCCCGG	GTGG	. 80
	CGGTCA	GATC	GTTG	TGGAG	TTTA	CTTGTT	GCCGCG	CAGG	120
	GGCCCT	AGAT	TGGGI	GTGCG	CACG	ACGAGG	AAGACT	TCCG	160
	AGCGGT	CGCA	ACCTO	CGAGGT	AGAC	GTCAGC	CCATCC	CCAA	200
	GGCTCG!	<b>TCGA</b>	CCCGA	AGGGCA	GGAC	CTGGGC	TCAGCC	CGGG	240
	TACCCT!	rggc	CCCTC	TATGG	CAAT	GAGGGC	TGCGGG	TGGG	280
	CGGGAT	GCT	CCTGI	CTCCC	CGTG	GCTCTC	GGCCTA	GCTG	320
	GGGCCC	CACA	GACCO	CCGGC	GTAG	GTCGCG	CAATTT	GGGT	360
-	AAGGTC	ATCG	ATACC	CTTAC	GTGC	GGCTTC	GCCGAC	CTCA	400
	TGGGGT	ACAT	ACCGC	TCGTC	GGCG	CCCCTC	TTGGAG	GCGC	440
	TGCCAGA	AGCC	CTGGC	GCATG	GCGT	CCGGGT	TCTGGA	AGAC	480
	GGCGTG	ACT	ATGCA	ACAGG	GAAC	CTTCCC	GGTTGC:	<b>PCTT</b>	520
	TCTCTAT	CTT	CCTTC	TGGCC	CTGC	TCTCT			549
(2)	INFORMA	MOITA	FOR	SEQ II	) NO:	56			
	(i)	SEQU	ENCE	CHARAC	CTERI	STICS:			
		(A)	LEN	GTH: 5	549 ni	ucleoti	des		
		(B)	TYP	E: nuc	cleic	acid			
		(vi)  (xi)  ATGAGCA  ACACCA  CGGTCA  GGCCCT  AGCGGT  GGCTCG  TACCCT  CGGGAT  CGGGTA  TGCCAGA  TGCCAGA  TCTCTAT	(vi) ORIGO (C) (xi) SEQUE ATGAGCACGA ACACCAACCG CGGTCAGATC GGCCCTAGAT AGCGGTCGCA GGCTCGTCGA TACCCTTGGC CGGGATGGCT GGGCCCCACA AAGGTCATCG TGGGGTACAT TGCCAGAGCC GGCGTGAACT TCTCTATCTT  (2) INFORMATION (i) SEQUE (A)	(vi) ORIGINAL (C) INT (xi) SEQUENCE ATGAGCACGA ATCC: ACACCAACCG TCGCC CGGTCAGATC GTTGC GGCCCTAGAT TGGGT AGCGGTCGCA ACCTC GGCTCGTCGA CCCGA TACCCTTGGC CCCTC CGGGATGGCT CCTGT GGGCCCCACA GACCC AAGGTCATCG ATACC TGGGGTACAT ACCGC GGCGTGAACT ATGCA TCTCTATCTT CCTTC (1) SEQUENCE (A) LEN	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE (C) INDIVIDUE (xi) SEQUENCE DESCR ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACCA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAGA CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAGA GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCGA AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGTA GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGGAGATACCCTTGGCAGAGCACACACACACAC	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  (C) INDIVIDUAL IS  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION  ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAACCACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGACCACAGACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGACCACAGACCG TCGGTGGAG TTTAAACCACAGAACCAACCG TCGGTGGAG TATAACCCTAGACAACCAACCGAACCAACCGAACCAACCA	(X1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQUENCE ATGAGGACA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CACGACGAGG AGCGTCGACAGA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC CACGAGGGCA CACCCTTATGG CAATGAGGGC CACGAGGGCA CACCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG GAGGTCATC ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCTC TGCCAGAGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCC TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp2  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCG GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CACGACGAGG AAGACT AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CCATCC GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCC TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC TGCGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTA GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTC AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGAC TGCGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAG GGCGTGAACT ACCGCTCGTC GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGA GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCC GGTTGCT TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp2  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 55  ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CACGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CCATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCC TGCCAGAGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCC GGTTGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT  (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides

STRANDEDNESS:

(C)

single

			(D)	TO	POLOGY	: linea	r			
5		(ii)	MOLI	ECULE	TYPE:	DNA				
		(vi)	ORI	Ginal	SOURCE	E:				
			(C)	IN	DIVIDU	AL ISOL	ATE:	gm2		
		(xi)	SEO	JENCE	DESCR	IPTION:	SEO	ID NO:	56	
10						TCAAAG				40
10						GACGTC				80
						TTTACT				120
					•	CGCGAC				160
						AGACGT				200
15						GGACCT				240
						CAATGA				280
•				× -		CGCGGC				320
				_		GTAGGT				360
						GTGCGG				400
20						GGCGCCC				440
20						GCGTCC				480
						GAACCT				520
						CTGCTCT		002100.		549
		TOTOTAL		~~~~ \						
25	(2)	INFORMA	ATION	FOR	SEQ II	NO: 57	7			
		(i)	SEOU	ENCE	CHARAC	TERIST	cs:			

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		(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5			
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: 121	
10		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 57	
		ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
		ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
		CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
		GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
15		AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGT AGACGCCAGC CTATCCCCAA	200
		GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
		TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG	280
		CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG	320
		GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT	360
20		AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
		TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC	440
		TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
	•	GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
		TTTCTATTTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	
25			549
-	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 58	

	(1) SEQ	UENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A)	LENGTH: 549 nucleotides	
	(B)	TYPE: nucleic acid	
5	(C)	STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D)	TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOL	ECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(i)	TIME COMMON.	
	<b>(12)</b>	SINAL SOURCE:	
10	(C)	INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us4	
	. (xi) SEOU	JENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 58	
	• • •	ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
		CCGCCCACAG GACGTTAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
15		GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCCAGGT	TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA	ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCTCGCCAG	CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
20	CAGGATGGCT	CCTGTCACCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACG	GACCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT	360
-	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
•	TGGGGTACAT	TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCC TTAGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC	TTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
25	GGCGTGAACT	ACGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTTGCTCCT	520
	<b>սիփՆևԾփСփփ</b>	CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC	549

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 59

	(i) SE	QUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A	LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
5	<b>(B</b> )	TYPE: nucleic acid
	(C)	STRANDEDNESS: single
		TOPOLOGY: linear
10	(ii) MOI	LECULE TYPE: DNA
	(vi) ORI	GINAL SOURCE:
	(C)	INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: jhi
	(xi) SEQ	UENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 59
15	ATGAGCACAA	ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA 40
	ACACCAACCG	CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG 80
	TGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG 120
	GGCCCCAGGT	TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG 160
	AGCGGTCGCA	ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA 200
20	GGCTCGCCAG	CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 240
	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG 280
	CAGGATGGCT	CCTGTCACCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG 320
	GGGCCCCACG	GACCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT 360
	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA 400
25	TGGGGTACAT	TCCGCTTGTC GGCGCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC 440
	TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC 480
	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCC GGTTGCTCTT 520

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•		TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC	549
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 60	
5		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10			
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: nac5	
15			
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 60	
		ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC CCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	. 40-
		ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
		TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
20		GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
		AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
		GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGTCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
		TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
		CAGGATGGCT CCTGTCACCC CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG	320
25		GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT	
		AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400

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		TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	44
		TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	48
		GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
		TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC	549
5			
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 61	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
10		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
15		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg2	
			-
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 61	
		ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
20		ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
	-	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
		GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
		AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
		GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGTA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
25		TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
		CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG	320

		GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT	360
		AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
		TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	44(
		TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
5		GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
		TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 62	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
10		(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp1	
20		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 62	
		ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
		ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
		TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
,		GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
25		AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
		GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
		TATCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT CTGGGGTGGG	280

		CAGGATGGCT CCTGTCACCC CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG	320
		GGGCCCTACC GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAACTTGGGT	360
		AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
		TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCC TTAGGGGCGC	440
5		TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
		GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
		TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549
10	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 63	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
15		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
-		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
20		(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ghl	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 63	
		ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
		ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
25		TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
		GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
		ACCCOMOCCA ACCMOCMOCA ACCCCACA CARA	

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		GGCTCGC	cgg cc	CGAGGGCA	GGGCCTGGG	C TCAGCCCGGG	240
		TACCCTT	GGC CC	CTCTATGO	CAATGAGGG	T ATGGGGTGGG	280
		CAGGATG	GCT CC	TGTCACCC	CGTGGTTCT	C GGCCTAGTTG	320
		GGGCCCC	acg ga	CCCCGGC	GTAGGTCGC	G CAATTTGGGT	360
5		AAGATCA:	CG AT	ACCCTCAC	GTGCGGCTT	C GCCGACCTCA	400
		TGGGGTA	CAT TO	CGCTCGTC	GCCCCCC	C TAGGGGGCGC	440
		TGCCAGG	CC CT	GGCGCATG	GCGTCCGGG	T TCTGGAGGAC	480
		GGCGTGA	CT AT	GCAACAGG	GAATCTGCC	C GGTTGCTCCT	520
		TTTCTATO	CTT CC	TTCTGGCT	TTGCTGTCC		549
10							
	(2)	INFORMAT	ION F	OR SEQ I	D NO: 64		
		(i) s	EOHEN	CE CHARA	CTERISTICS:	<b>!</b>	
		• •			549 nucleot		
15		•	•		cleic acid		
		•	•		MESS: sing	rle	
		·	_	COPOLOGY	_	,	
		(##) W	A. E.				
•		(ii) M	OFFCOT	E TYPE:	DNA		
20		(vi) 0	D T // TNT	T COMMO	<b>3.</b>		
						115	
		(	<b>-</b> /	YOUT A TOOK	L ISOLATE:	113	
		(xi) Si	EQUENC	E DESCRI	PTION: SEQ	ID NO: 64	
25		ATGAGCAC	SA ATC	CTAAACC	TCAAAGAAAA	ACCAAACGTA	40
		ACACCAAC	cg ccg	CCCACAG	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCGGGCGG	80
		TGGTCAGA	C GTT	GGTGGAG	TTTACCTGTT	GCCGCGCAGG	120

		GGCC	CCAGGT	TGGGTGTGC	GCGACTAG	G AAGACTTCCG	160
		AGCG	GTCGCA	ACCTCGTGG	A AGGCGACAA	C CTATCCCCAA	200
		GGCT	CGCCAG	CCCGAGGGC	A GGGCCTGGG	C TCAGCCCGGG	240
		TACC	CCTGGC	CCCTCTATG	CAATGAGGG	T ATGGGGTGGG	280
5		CAGG	atggct	CCTGTCACCC	CGCGGCTCC	C GGCCTAGTTG	320
		GGGC	CCCAAA	GACCCCGGC	GTAGGTCGC	G TAATTTGGGT	360
		AAGG:	<b>FCATCG</b>	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTT	C GCCGACCTCA	400
		TGGG	STACAT	TCCGCTCGTC	GGCGCCCC	T TAGGGGGCGC	440
		TGCC	AGGGCC	CTGGCGCATG	GCGTCCGGG	T TCTGGAGGAC	480
10		GGCGI	GAACT	ATGCAACAGG	GAATCTACC	C GGTTGCTCTT	520
		TCTCI	TATCTT	CCTCTTGGCT	TTGCTGTCC		549
	(2)	INFOR	MATION	FOR SEQ I	D NO: 65		
15		(i)	SEQU	ENCE CHARA	CTERISTICS:	1	
			(A)	LENGTH:	549 nucleot	ides	
			(B)	TYPE: nuc	cleic acid		
		,	(C)	STRANDED	NESS: sing	le	
20			(D)	TOPOLOGY	linear		
		(ii)	MOLE	CULE TYPE:	DNA		
		(vi)		NAL SOURCE	:		
25			(C)	INDIVIDUA	L ISOLATE:	<b>i10</b>	
		(xi)	SEQUE	ENCE DESCRI	PTION: SEQ	ID NO: 65	
						7007777077	

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		ACACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
	-		120
		GGCCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG	160
			200
5			240
			280
	•	·	320
			360
			400
10			440
			480
		GGGGTAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
			549
15	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 66	
	<b>\-</b> /		
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 510 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25		(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
		(A) INDIVIDUAL TOOLATE: ards	

		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 66	
		ATGAGCACAA ATCCTCAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAAAGAA	4
		ACACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	8
		TGGTCAGATC GTTGGCGGAG TATACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	12
5		GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG	160
		AACGGTCCCA GCCACGTGGG AGGCGCCAGC CCATCCCCAA	200
		AGATCGGCGC ACCACTGGCA AGTCCTGGGG GAAGCCAGGA	24(
		TACCCTTGGC CCCTGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG	280
		CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGCGGTTCTC GCCCTTCATG	320
10		GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCACG CAACTTGGGT	360
		AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTAAC GTGTGGTTTT GCCGACCTCA	400
		TGGGGTACAT TCCCGTCGGT GGTGCCCCCG TTGGTGGTGT	440
		CGCCAGAGCC CTTGCCCATG GGGTGAGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
		GGGATAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC	510
15			
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 67	
		•	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 29 nucleotides	
20		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	:	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25			
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 67	
		CAAACGTAAC ACCAACCGRC GCCCACAGG	29

	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 68	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5			(A) LENGTH: 24 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 68	
		ACAGAY	CCGC AKAGRICCCC CACG	24
15	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 69	
-		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 69	
		CGAACO	CTCGA GGTAGACGTC AGCCTATECC	30

	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 70	
5		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 70 CTCGT GGAAGGCGAC AACCTATCCC	30
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 71	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 71	
45		GTCACC	AATG ATTGCCCTAA CTCGAGTATT	30
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEC ID NO. 72	

		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 26 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
5			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
10	٠	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 72	
		GTCAC	GAACG ACTGCTCCAA CTCAAG	26
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 73	
15		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
•			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
20				
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 73	
		TGGAC	ATGAT CGCTGGWGCY CACTGGGG	28
25				
	(2)	TNFORM	MATION FOR SEO ID NO: 74	

		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
5			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	٠	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	-	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 74	
10			TGGT GGYGGGGCY CACTGGGG	28
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 75	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
15			(A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
20		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 75	
		ATGATGA	ACT GGTCVCCYAC	20
25	(2)	INFORMA	TION FOR SEQ ID NO: 76	
		(i)	SECTION CHAPACTERICS.	

			(A) LENGTH: 26 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5				
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 76	
		ACCTT	VGCCC AGTTSCCCRC CATGGA	26
	•			
10	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 77	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 22 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 77	••
		AACCC	ACTCT ATGYCCGGYC AT	22
	(0)	THEODI	CARLON EOR CEO ER NO. 70	
	(2)	INFUR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 78	
25		(1)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
<b>_</b> 3		(1)	(A) LENGTH: 18 nucleotides	
			(A) DENGIH: To Hucleotides	

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			(C) STRANDEDNESS: singl	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi) GAATC	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 78	18
10	(2)		MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 79	10
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
15			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 75	
20		CCATGA	ATCA CTCCCCTGTG AGGAACTA	28
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 80	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
25			(A) LENGTH: 18 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	

		•	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
5	(2)	TTGCG	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 80 GGGGC ACGCCCAA MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 81	18
10		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20	(2)	YGAAGO	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 81 CGGGC ACAGTCARRC AAGARAGCAG GGC	<b>33</b>
25		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	

		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
5		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 82	
	•	RTARAGCCCY GWGGAGTTGC GCACTTGGTR GGC	33
:	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 83	
	•	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
10		(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
•		(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 83	
		RATACTCGAG TTAGGGCAAT CATTGGTGAC RTG	33
20	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 84	
		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	•
25		(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		(D) TOPOLOGY: .linear	

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		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 84	
		AGYRI	GCAGG ATGGYATCRK BCGYCTCGTA CAC	33
5				
	(2)		MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 85	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
10			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
15		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 85	
		GTTRC	CCTCR CGAACGCAAG GGACRCACCC CGG	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 86	
20		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25			(a)	
- •		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		<b>\</b> /	LICHECARE TIER: NIV	

		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 86	
			GGGGTY AYCGCCACCC AACACCTCGA GRC	33
	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 87	
5				
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		•	(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		•	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
10			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 87	
15		CGTYG	YGGGG AGTTTGCCRT CCCTGGTGGC YAC	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 88	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SECTION OF THE SECTION OF THE MALES	

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		CCCG	ACAAGC AGATCGATGT GACGTCGAAG CTG	33
	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 89	
5		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10				
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 89	
		CCCCA	ACGTAG ARGGCCGARC AGAGRGTGGC GCY	33
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 90	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	- 4
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
20			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 90	
		YTGRC	CGACA AGAAAGACAG ACCCGCAYAR GTC	33

	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 91	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		•	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 91	
		CGTCC	AGTGG YGCCTGGGAG AGAAGGTGAA CAG	33
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 92	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 92	
		GCCGGG	SATAG ATRGARCAAT TGCARYCTTG CGT	33

	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 93	
•		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
5			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		•	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
10		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 93	
		CATAT	CCCAT GCCATGCGGT GACCCGTTAY ATG	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 94	
15				
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
· - · <del>-</del>			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
20			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 94	
25		YACCA	AYGCC GTCGTAGGGG ACCARTTCAT CAT	33
	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 95	

		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
5			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 95	
10			CTTGT GGGATCCGGA GYASCTGAGC YAY	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 96	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
15			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
20		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 96	
			1001 C Manageria	33
25	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 97	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS.	

			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5				
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 97	
	_	CCCCA	CCATG GAGAAATACG CTATGCCCGC YAG	33
10	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 98	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20	•	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 98	
		TAGYA	SCAGY ACTACYARGA CCTTCGCCCA GTT	33
	(2)	INFORM	NATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 99	
25		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(R) TVDR: nucleic acid	

			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 99 CGTGR GTKTCYGCGT CRACGCCGGC RAA	33
10	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 100	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
15			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 100	
20		GGAAG	TGGG ATGGTYARRC ARGASAGCAR AGC	33
	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 101	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
25			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	

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		٠	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
5			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 101 YYCCG GACRCGTTGC GCACTTCRTA AGC	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102	
10		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			<ul><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
15		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 102 FTGMG TTGGAGCART CGTTYGTGAC ATG	33
20	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 103	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
25			<ul><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	

		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 103	
5		KGYR:	GCATG ATCAYGTCCG YYGCCTCATA CAC	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 104	
			SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
	•		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
10			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
15		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 104	
		RTTGT	YYTCC CGRACGCARG GCACGCACCC RGG	33
	- (2)	- INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 105	-
20		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25				
-		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	

		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 105	
		CGTGG	GRGTS AGCGCYACCC AGCARCGGGA GSW	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 106	
5				
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	٠		(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
10			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 106	
15		YGTRG'	rgggg aygctgkhrt tcctggccgc var	33
	.(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 107	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
4			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 107	

		CCCR	ACGAGC AARTCGACRT GRCGTCGTAW TGT	33
	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 108	
5		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
•			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		•	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10				
	•	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 108	
15		YCCCA	CGTAC ATAGCSGAMS AGARRGYAGC CGY	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 109	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
20			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 109	
			AGAYR AGRAAAACAG ATCCGCARAG RTC	33

	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 110	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 110	
		YGTCT	CRTGC CGGCCAGSBG AGAAGGTGAA YAG	33
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 111	
-		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25	,	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 111	
		GCCGGG	SATAG AKKGAGCART TGCAKTCCTG YAC	33

	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 112	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
5			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		•	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 112	
		CATAI	CCCAA GCCATRCGRT GGCCTGAYAC CTG	33
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 113	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
20			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 113	
25		CACTAI	RGGCT GYYGTRGGYG ACCAGTTCAT CAT	33
	(2)	INFORM	NATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 114	

		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
5			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	•	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 114	
10		GACRG	CTTGT GGGATCCGGA GTAACTGCGA YAC	33
	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 115	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
15			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	100
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
20		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 115	
		GACTCC	CCAG TGRGCCCCCG CCACCATRTC CAT	33
25	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 116	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	

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			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5				
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 116	
		SCCCA	CCATG GAWWAGTAGG CAAGGCCCGC YAG	33
10	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 117	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
~		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 117	
		GAGTA	SCATC ACAATCAADA CCTTAGCCCA GTT	33
	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 118	
25		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	

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			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 118	
	•	YGWCR:	YGYRG GTRTKCCCGT CAACGCCGGC AAA	33
10	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 119	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
15			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 119	
20		TCCTCA	ACAGG GGAGTGATTC ATGGTGGAGT GTC	33
	(2)	INFORM	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 120	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
25			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	

		<i>:</i>	(D)	TOPOLOGY:	linear		
		(ii)	MOLEC	ULE TYPE:	DNA		
5		ATGGC	TAGAC G	CTTTCTGCG	PTION: SEQ ID TGAAGACAGT AG		33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION :	FOR SEQ ID	NO: 121		
	-	(i)		NCE CHARAC			
10					nucleotides		
٠				TYPE: nuc.			
					ESS: single		
		-	(D)	TOPOLOGY:	linear		
15		(ii)	MOLECT	LE TYPE:	DNA		
		(xi)	SEOUEN	ICE DESCRIP	TION: SEQ ID	NO. 121	
		GCCTGG	AGGC TG	CACGRCAC T	CATACTAAC GCC	NO. 121	33
20	(2)	INFORM	ATION F	OR SEQ ID	NO: 122		
				CE CHARACT			
					nucleotides		
				TYPE: nucl			
25			(C)	STRANDEDNE	SS: single		
				TOPOLOGY:			

		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 122 CGCAGACCAC TATGGCTCTY CCGGGAGGGG GGG	33
5	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 123  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
10		(A) LENGTH: 35 Indefected  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
15		(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 123 TCRTCCYGGC AATTCCGGTG TACTCACCGG TTC	33
	(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 124	
20		<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
25		(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	

		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 124	
		GCATI	IGAGCG GGTTDATCCA AGAAAGGACC CGG	33
	(2)	INFOR	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 125	
5				
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
10			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 125	
15		AGCAG	STCTYG CGGGGGCACG CCCAARTCTC CAG	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 126	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 126	

		ACAAG	GCCTT TCGCGACCCA ACACTACTCG GCT	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 127	
5			SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
10			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear  MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
••			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 127 ACTCG CAAGCACCCT ATCAGGCAGT ACC	33
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 128	
20		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
5		(xi) YGTGC	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 128 ICATG RTGCACGGTC TACGAGACCT CCC	33
	(2)	Infori	NATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 129	
10			SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi) GTTACG	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 129 TTTG KTTYTTYTTT GRGGTTTRGG AWT	33
20	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 130	
			SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
25			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

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		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
			SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 130 AACTTR ACGTCCTGTG GGCGRCGGTT GGT	33
5	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 131	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
10			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 131	
		CARGT	AAACT CCACCRACGA TCTGRCCRCC RCC	33
20	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 132	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
25			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	

		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 132	
		RCGCA	ACACCC AAYCTRGGGC CCCTGCGCGG CAA	33
5	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 133	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
10			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		-	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 133	
15		AGGTT	GCGAC CGCTCGGAAG TCTTYCTRGT CGC	33
-	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 134	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
25		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO: 134	

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		RCGHI	RCCTTG GGGATAGGCT GACGTCWACC TCG	33
	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 135	
5		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
	٠		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10			•	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 135	
		RCGHR	CCTTG GGGATAGGTT GTCGCCWTCC ACG	33
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 136	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20 ·			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
25		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 136	
		YCCRG	GCTGR GCCCAGRYCC TRCCCTCGGR YYG	33

	(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 137	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
5			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
		•	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 137	
			CCTCR TTRCCRTAGA GGGGCCADGG RTA	33
15	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 138	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	•
	-		(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
•			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
20			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 138	
25		GCCRCG	GGGGW GACAGGAGCC ATCCYGCCCA CCC	33
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEC ID NO: 139	

		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
5			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
10	•	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 139	
		CCGGG	GGTCY GTGGGGCCCC AYCTAGGCCG RGA	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 140	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
15			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
		**	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
20		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
. •		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 140	
		ATCGAT	GACC TTACCCAART TRCGCGACCT RCG	33
25	(2)	INFORM	NATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 141	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	

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			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
5			_	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 141	
			TGAGR TCGGCGAAGC CGCAYGTRAG GGT	33
10			<del></del>	
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 142	
			SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 142	
		GCCYCC	WARR GGGGCGCCGA CGAGCGGWAT RTA	33
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 143	
25		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	

			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
5		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 143	
			GGACR CCRTGYGCCA RGGCCCTGGC AGC	33
	(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 144	
10		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
			(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15				
		(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
		(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 144	
			TGTT GCATAGTTCA CGCCGTCYTC CAG	33
20				
	(2)	INFORM	ATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 145	
		(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
		(-/	(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides	
25			(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
			(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
			(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
			(2) 201001. 1111281	

	(i:	i) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
5	(x:	i) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 145 RRAGGAAG AKAGAGAAAG AGCAACCRGG MAR	33
	(2) INE	FORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 146	
10		SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
15	(ii	) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
·	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 146 CATAGGA CCCGTGTCTT	20
20 (	(2) INFO	DRMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 147	
25	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi) CTTC	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 147	20

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### CLAIMS

- As a composition of matter, a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 nucleotide
   sequence of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to a nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome.
- 2. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome is selected from the regions consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region.
- 15 3. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the NS5 region.
- 20 4. The composition of claim 3 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.

5. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the envelope 1 region.

5

6. The composition of claim 5 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence within sequence numbers 24-32.

10

7. The composition of claim 1 wherein at least one sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the 5'UT region.

15

8. The composition of claim 7 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51.

20

9. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the core region.

10. The composition of claim 9 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a within sequences numbered 53-66.

5

11. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a nucleotide sequence corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.

10

- 12. The composition of claim 11 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.
- 13. The composition of claim 11 wherein said
  20 non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence
  corresponding to a sequence of a second genotype which
  second genotype is defined substantially by sequences
  numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope
  1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the
  25 core region.

- 14. The composition of claim 11 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.
- 15. The composition of claim 11 wherein said

  10 non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence
  corresponding to a sequence of a fourth genotype which
  fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences
  numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope
  1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

  15
- 16. The composition of claim 11 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.
- 17. The composition of claim'l wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid is capable of priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid to form a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence corresponding to hepatitis C virus.

- The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has label means for detecting a hybridization product.
- The composition of claim 1 wherein said 5 19. non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has support means for separating a hybridization product from solution.
- The composition of claim 1 wherein said 20. non-naturally occurring nucleic acid prevents the 10 transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.
- 21. A method of forming a hybridization product with a hepatitis C virus nucleic acid comprising the following 15 steps:
  - placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic a. acid having a nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence in the hepatitis C viral genome into conditions in which hybridization conditions can be imposed said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid capable of forming a hybridization product with said hepatitis C virus nucleic acid under hybridization conditions; and

- imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of hepatitis C virus nucleic acid.
- 5 22. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence in the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence within at least one of the regions consisting essentially of NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region.
  - 23. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence within the NS5 region.
- 24. The method of claim 23 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.
  - 25. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence within the envelope 1 region.

26. The method of claim 25 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32.

- 27. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to a sequence within the 5'UT region.
- 28. The method of claim 27 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51.
- 29. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide 15 sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to a sequence within the core region.
- 30. The method of claim 29 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence selected20 from a sequence within sequences numbered 53-66.
- 31. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.

- 32. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.
- 33. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the core region.
- 15 34. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.
- 35. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

- 36. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.
- 37. The method of claim 21 wherein said hybridization product is capable of priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid.

- 38. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has label means for detecting a hybridization product.
- 15 39. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has support means for separating the hybridization product from solution.
- 40. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid prevents the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.
- 41. As a composition of matter, a non-naturally occurring polypeptide corresponding to a non-HCV-1
  25 nucleotide sequence of nine or more nucleotides which sequence of nine or more nucleotides corresponds to a sequence within hepatitis C virus genomic sequences.

- 42. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from one of the regions consisting of NS5 region, envelope 1 region, and the core region.
- 5 43. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence corresponds to a sequence in the NS5 region.
- 44. The composition of claim 43 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.
  - 45. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence in the envelope 1 region.
  - 46. The composition of claim 45 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32.

- 47. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence in the core region.
- 48. The composition of claim 47 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 52-66.

49. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a nucleotide sequence corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.

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- 50. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, and 52-57 in the core region.
- 51. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, and 58-64 in the core region.
- 20 52. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, and 65-66
- 25 in the core region.

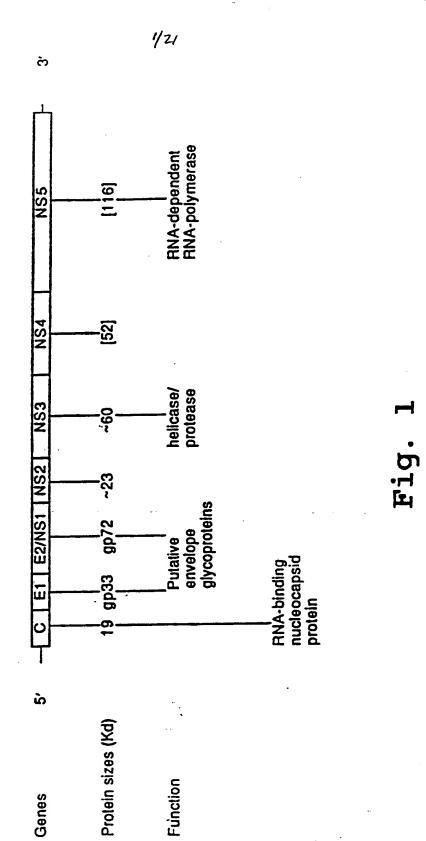
- 53. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.
- 54. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.
- 55. The composition of claim 41 wherein said
  15 polypeptide is capable of generating an immune reaction in a host.
  - 56. An antibody capable of selectively binding to the composition of claim 41.
  - 57. A method of detecting one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus comprising the following steps:
- a) placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus under conditions where hybridization conditions can be imposed,

- b) imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of hepatitis
   C virus nucleic acid; and
- c) monitoring the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid for the formation of a hybridization product, which hybridization product is indicative of the presence of the genotype of hepatitis C virus.
- 58. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.
- 59. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the core region.

- 60. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.
- 61. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.
- 15 62. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region.

63. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 67-145.

- 64. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 69, 71, 73 and 81-99 to identify Group I genotypes in the core and region of the HCV genome.
- 65. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 70, 72, 70 and 100-118 to identify
  10 Group II genotypes in the core and envelope regions of the HCV genome.
- 66. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 77 to identify Group III genotypes in the 5' UT region of the HCV genome.
- 67. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence numbered 79 to identify Group IV genotypes in the 5' UT region of the HCV genome.



2/2-1

Fig. 2a

		1 CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAATG ACACCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT 1 CTCCACGGTC ACTGAGAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT 1 CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATTTATCAAT GTTGTGACTT 1 CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT CGAGGAGTCA ATTTATCAAT GTTGTGACTT 1 CTCCACAGGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT 1 CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT 1 CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT 1 CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT	1 CTC 1 CTC 1 CTC 1 CTC	1 CTC	1 CTCTACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG ATATACCAGT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG 1 CTCGACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG ATATACCAAT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG 1 CTCAACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG ATATACCAAT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG
81		8 , H 8 G 8 H	H II		<del>-</del>
GENOTYPE	GI		Ħ	# 11	) IS
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3/2/

Fig. 2t

/5
2
1
REGION
NS5

SEQUENCE	8) 81 21 21 31 51 11 11 11	81 81 81 82 93		11 11
ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE			
61 61 61 61 11 11 71 71	81 81 81 81 81 81	11 11 11		    
-1	GI	7.1	GCCCGCGTGG CCATCAAGTC CCTCACCGAG AGGCTTTATG TTGGGGGCCC TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG	
2	GI	7.1	TCTTACCAAT	
က	Ğİ	71	GCCCGCGTGG CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTACG TTGGGGGCCC TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG	
4	GI	17	-	
ស	GI	71	regegeèce retraccaar	
ý	GI	11	ŭ	
		71	nunnnunnnunnnunnnunnnunnunnunnunnunnunn	## ##
- α	!	71	CAGACAAG CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA TCGGGGGCTC	
σ		71	TAGACAGG CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTATA TCGGGGGCCC CCTGACCAAT	
10		71	CAGGCAGG, CCATAAGGTC GCTCACCGAG CGACTTTATA TCGGGGGCCC CCTGACTAAT	
11		7.1	GCTCACAGAG CGGCTGTACA TCGGGGGTCC CCTGACTAAT	
12		7.1	GCCAGACAGG CTATAAGGIC GCICACAGAG CGGCITITACA ICGGGGGICC CCIGACIAAI ICAAAAGGGC	
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	11 12 13 14 14 15 16 11 11	H H H		H H H H
13	GIII	71	GCTCACATIG CCATACACIC GCIGACIGAG AGGCICIACG IGGGAGGGCC CAIGIICAAC AGCAAGGGC	
14		71	GCTCGAACTG CTATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGACTATACG TAGGGGGGCC CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGCC	
15		11	GCCCGAACTG CTATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGACTGTACG TAGGGGGGCC CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGGC	
16		7.1		
17		71	GCTAGAACTG CTATCCACTC GCTCACTGAG AGACTCTACG TAGGAGGGCC CATGACAAAC	
18		71	-	1) 1) 11
19		71	GCACGCGCG CAATACGGTC ACTCACCCAA CGCCTGTACT GTGGAGGCCC CATGTATAAC AGCAAGGGC	
20	essesses OIV	71	incomposible de mante de contracte de contra	11 17 18
21		71	GCCAGGAAAG IGAICICCIC CCICACGGAG CGCCIIIACI GCGGGGGCCC IAIGIICAAI AGCAAGGGG	
22		71	GCGGGGCCC TATGITCAAC	
11 15 16 11 11 11 11		11		81 81 81

4/2/

Fig. 20

NS5 REGION - (3/5)

NINGENCE ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11	11 11 11 11		1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
-4	GI	141	4044	
7		I41	AACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTACT	CCCICACITIG
ო		141	AACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCGGGGA GCGCGTAAT	CCCTCACTTG
		141	AACTGCGG CTATCGCAGG TGCCGCGGA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTACC	CCCTCACTTG
ស		141	AACTGCGG CTATCGCAGG TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC	CCTCACTIG
9		141	AACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTACT GACGACTAGC	CCCTCACTTG
11 12 13 14 15 15 16 17	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	11 11	4. 多 9. 6. 多 9. 8. 多 9. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.	
7	GII	141	G TGCCGCGCA GCGGCGTGCT	
8		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCCGA TGCCGCGCCA GCGGTGTGCT	こととなっていること
σ		141	AGAACTGCGG TTATCGCCGG TGCCGCGCA GCGGCGTACT GACGACCAGC	CCCTTACATE
10		141	GACGACTAGC	りませつせいしい
11		141	GACGACTAGC	りていていていたし
12		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCCGG TGCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC	CCCTCACATG
11 11 11 11 11 11 11	#1 #1 #1 #1 #1 #1 #1	13 14 18 18 18		1
13	GIFI	141	AGACCTGCGG GTACAGGCGT TGCCGCGCCA GCGGGGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGGAACA	
14		141	CACCACCAGC	
15		141	rctigces gracageer receeses sessager caccaccase	りまりつなりようせん
16		141	GCGGAGTGCT CACCACCAGC	りていていていてい
11		141	AATCCTGCGG TTACAGGCGT TGCCGCGCCA GCGGGGTCTT CACCACCAGC	
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8 T	25	141	CAATGTGG	CCATGACGTG
19		-	AACAATGIGG ITACCGIAGA IGCCGCGCCA GCGGCGICII CACCACCAGI	ATGGGCAACA CCATGACGTG
## ### ### ###########################		141	:=====================================	
21		141	まりかまりいうこう いこうしょうりょうせん あじしょじしんべんか じじんじんじくし	CARICACIIG
22		141	CAGTGTGG TIATCGCCGT TGCCGTGCCA	CAATCACTIG
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Fig. 2d

NS5 REGION - (4/5)

SEQUENCE

GENOTYPE

ID NUMBER

CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGCGAC  CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTTGT GTGTGCGAC  CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTTGT GTGTGGTGAC  CTACATTAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC  TTACATCAAG GCCCAAGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC  TTACATCAAG GCCCAGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC  TTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC  TTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	TTACTTGAAG GCCACAGGGG CCTGTAGAGC TGCCAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA  TTACTTGAAG GCCACTGCGG CCTGTAGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA  TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA  TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA  TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCGG CCTGTCGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA  TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCGG CCTGTCGAGC TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA  TTACTTGAAAG GCCAGTGCGG CTTGCAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA  CTATGTAAAA GCCAAGGG CTTGCAAGGC TGCAGGGATT GTTGCTCCCA  CTACGTAAAA GCCAGGGCGG CGTGTAACGC CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCCA  CTACGTGAAA GCCAGAGCGG CGTGTAACGC CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCCA  CTACGTGAAA GCCAGAGCGG CATGTAACGC CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCCA  CTACGTGAAA GCCAGAGCGG CATGTAACGC CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCCA  CTACGTGAAA GCCAGAGCGG CATGTAACGC CGCGGGCATT GTTGCTCCCA	1 CTACATCAAA GCCTTGCAG CGTGCAAAGC TGCAGGGATC GTGGACCCTA TCATGCTGGT ================================
ACATCAA ACATCAA ACATCAA ACATTAA ACATCAA ACATCAA	CTACCTGAAG GCCACAGCG TTACTTGAAG GCCACTGCA TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCA TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCA TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCG TTACTTGAAA GCCTCTGCG CTACGTAAAA GCCAGGGCG CTACGTAAAA GCCAGGGCG	ACATCAAA ACATTAAG ACATCAAG ACATCAAG ACATCAAG
GI 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	денея «	11 <b>1</b> 5
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	7 8 9 11 12 13 13 16	17 18 19 1820 20 21

5/21

6/21

Fig. 2e

(2/2)
ı
REGION
NS5

GENOTYPE

ID NUMBER

1 GI	GI	281	281 GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGGGGG GTCCAGGAGG ACGCGGGGAG	TTATCTGTGA	AAGCGCGGG GTCCAGGAGG	GTCCAGGAGG	ACGCGCCGAG	CCTGAGAGCC
7		281	GACTTAGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	AAGTGCGGGG	GTCCAGGAGG	ACGCGGCGAG	CCTGAGAGCC
ю		281	GACTTGGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	GAGTGCGGGG	GTCCAGGAGG	ACGCGGCGAG	CCTGAGAGCC
<del>ଫ</del>		281	GACTTAGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	GAGTGCGGGA	GAGTGCGGGA' ĞTCCAGGAGG	ACCCGGCGAA	CTTGAGAGCC
ស		281	GACTTAGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	AAGTCAGGGA	GTCCAGGAGG	ATGCAGCGAA	CCTGAGAGCC
vo		281	GACCTAGICG	TTATCTGCGA	AAGTGCGGGG	GTCCAGGAGG	ACGCGGCGAG	CCTGAGAGCC
	GII	281	GACCTTGTCG	**	TIATCIGIGA AAGCGGGG AACCAAGAGG ACGCGCAA	AACCAAGAGG	ACGCGGCAAG	CCTACGAGCC
æ		281	GACCTTGTCG	TTATCTGTGA		AAGCGCGGGA ACCCAGGAGG	ATGCGCCGAG	CCTACGAGIC
6		281	GACCTTGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	AAGCGCGGGA	ACCCAGGAGG	ACGCGGCGAA	CCIACGAGIC
10		281	GACCTTGTCG	TTATCTGCGA	GAGCGCGGGA	ACCCAAGAGG	ACGCGGCGAG	CCIACGAGIC
11		281	GACCTTGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	GAGCGCGGGA	ACCCAAGAGG	ACGCGGCGAG	CCTACGAGTC
12		281	GACCTTGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	GAGCGCGGGG	ACCCAAGAGG	ACGCGGCGAG	CCTACGAGTC
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11	11					11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
13	GIFI	281	GACTTAGTTG		TCATCTCAGA AAGCCAGGGG	ACTGAGGAGG	ACGAGCGGAA	CCTGAGAGCT
14		281	GACCTGGTCG	TCATCTCAGA	GAGTCAAGGG	GCTGAGGAGG	ACGAGCAGAA	CCTGAGAGTC
15		281	GACCTGGTTG	TCATCTCAGA	TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGGG	GTCGAGGAAG	ATGAGCGGAA	CCTGAGAGTC
16		281	GACCTAGICG		TCATCTCAGA "GAGTCAAGGG	GTCGAGGAGG	ATGAGCGAAA	CCTGAGAGCT
17		~		TCATCTCGGA	TCATCTCGGA GAGCGAAGGT	AACGAGGAGG	ACGAGCGAAA	CCTGAGAGCT
		281	u	CCATTIGCGA	EREBEBBEBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB	**************************************	ATAAAGCGAG	CCTGAGAGCC
19		281	ACCTTGGTGG	CCATTTGCGA	CCATTTGCGA GAGCCAAGGG ACGCACGAGG ATGAAGCGTG	ACGCACGAGG	ATGAAGCGTG	CCTGAGAGTC
20	GIV	======= 281	GATCTGGTCG	TGGTGGCTGA	sancerenenesessessessessessessessessessessesse	GTCGACGAGG	ATAGAGCAGC	neeneeneeneeneenee CCTGAGAGCC
21		281	GATCTGGTTG		TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGAGG ATAGAACAGC	GTCGACGAGG	ATAGAACAGC	
22		281	GATCTGGTTG		TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCAATGAGG ATAGAGCAGC	GTCAATGAGG	ATAGAGCAGC	
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	61 41 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	

340 TOTAL

100 Total

Fig. 3

ENVELOPE REGION

SEQUENCE ID NÙMBER GENOTYPE

4	# # # # # # # # #	11 61 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	10 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	0 41 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	11 15 26 27 26 26 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	61 1 11 1 12 1 13 1 14 1 13 1 14 1 16 1 17 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18
GACGCCGTTG GTAATGGCTC AGCTGCTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCATCTTGG ACATGATCGC GACGCCGTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCATCTTGG ACATGATCGC AACGGCGCTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCATCATGG ACATGATCGC	ATATGTGC ACATGTGC ACATGTGC	======================================	ACTATG_CTCCTGGCAT ACTTGGTGC CATCCCGGAG GTCATCCTGG ACATTATCAC		16 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	#	11
SCGTTG GTAATGGCTC AGCTGCTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCATCTTGG ACATGATCGC SCGTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA GCCATCTTGG ACATGATCGC	CCCTA GIGGIAICGC AGITACICCG GAICCCACAA GCCGICAIGG AIAIGGIGGC CCCTA GIGGIGICGC AGITACICCG GAICCCACAA AGCAICGIGG ACAIGGIGGC CCCTA GIGGIGICGC AGITACICCG GAICCCGCAA GCIGICGIGG ACAIGGIGGC	TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC ACGTCCTGCG TTTGCCCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC TGTGGGTATG GTGGTAGCAC ACGTCCTGCG TCTGCCCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC TGTGGGTATG GTGGTAGCAC ACGTCCTGCG TCTGCCCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC AAGTCCTGCG TTTGCCCCCAG ACCTTGTTCG ACGTGCTAGC	ACTATG_CTCCTGGCAT ACTTGGTGCG CATCCGGAG GTCATCCTGG ACATTATCAC	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ħ	01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	81 8 8 11 8 11 8 11 8 11 8 11 8 11 8 1
SCGTTG GTAATGGCTC AGCTGCTCCG GATCCCACAA SCGTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA SCGCTG GTAGTAGCTC AGCTGCTCAG GGTCCCGCAA	GIGGIATCGC AGITACICCG GAICCCACAA GCGTCAIGG GIGGIGICGC AGITACICCG GAICCCACAA AGCAICGIGG GIGGIGICGC AGITACICCG GAICCCGCAA GCGICGIGG	TITGCCCCAG TCTGCCCCAG TTTGCCCCAG	CATCCGGAG	SCICAC IGGGAGICC IGGCGGCAI AGCGIAITIC SCCCAC IGGGAGICC IGGCGGGCAI AGCGIAITIC SCCCAC IGGGAGICC IGGCGGGCAI AGCGIAITIC	GGGGGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGGCGGCCT TGCCTACTAT GGGGGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGGCGGGCCT TGCTACTAT GGGGGCCCAC TGGGGAATCC TAGCGGGCCT TGCCTACTAT	CGGGGCCCAT TGGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCTT GGCCTATTAC CGGGGCCCAT TGGGGCATCT TGGCGGCCT AGCCTATTAC CGGGCCCCAT TGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCCT GGCCTATTAC	GGCTTATTE
AGCTGCTCCG AGGTACTCCG AGCTGCTCAG	AGTTACTCCG AGTTACTCCG AGTTACTCCG	ACGTCCTGCG ACGTCCTGCG ACGTCCTGCG	ACTTGGTGCG	SCTCAC IGGGGAGICC IGGCGGGCAI AGCGIAITIC SCCCAC IGGGGAGICC IGGCGGGCAI AGCGIAITIC SCCCAC IGGGGAGICC IGGCGGGCAI AGCGIAITIC	CCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGGCGGGCT TGCCTACTAT CCCAC TGGGGAGTCC TGCCGGGCCT TGCTTACTAT CCCAC TGGGGAATCC TAGCGGGTCT TGCCTACTAT	SCCAT TGGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCTT GGCCTATTAC SCCAT TGGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCT GGCCTATTAC SCCAT TGGGGCATCT TGGCGGGCCT GGCCTATTAC	3GACAC TGGGGCGTGA TGTTTGGCCT GGCTTATTC
GTAATGGCTC GTGGTAGCTC GTAGTAGCTC	GTGGTATCGC GTGGTGTCGC GTGGTGTCGC	GTGGTGGCGC GTGGTAGCAC GTGGTGGCGC	CICCIGGCAI	TGGGGAGTCC TGGGGAGTCC TGGGGAGTCC	TGGGGAGTCC TGGGGAGTCC TGGGGAATCC	TGGGGCATCT	TGGGGCGTGA
GACGCCTTC GACGCCCTTC GACGCCCTTG AACGCCCCTC	1 1	TGTG( TGTG( TGTG(	1 45 11	TGGT TGGA	09999 09999 09999		GGGA
	ннн	1 1 1 1 1		61 61 61	61 61 61	61	61
	GII	VID	GIII	11		GIV	10
23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	26 27 28	30 31 31 31 31	32	23	26 27 28	29 30 31	32 ====================================

Fig. 4a

GENOTYPE

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER

5'UT Region

11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11	# # # # # #						
. 33	ΙĐ	н	GTTAGTATGA	GITAGIATGA GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGACC ATAGTGGTCT	ATAGTGGTCT
34		<b>–</b> 1	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT	ATAGTGGTCT
35		-	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT
36		~	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGIGGICI
37		-	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC		ATAGTGGTCT
38		<b>-</b> 1	GTTAGTATGA	GIGICGIGCA	GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGIGGICI
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11						
מי	119	<b>-</b>	GITAGIATOR	GIGICGIGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	מממממבוננ	SITAGIATGA GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA CCCCCCTCC CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT	ATAGICGICI
40		-1	GITAGIAIGA		GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT
41		-	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT
42		-	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT
43		-1	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT
44		-1	GTTAGTATGA		GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC		ATAGIGGICI
45		H	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA CCCCCCTCC CGGGAGAGCC ATAGIGGICI	ATAGTGGTCT
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46	GIII		GCTAGTATCA	GTGTCGTACA	GCCTCCAGGC	CCCCCCTCC	GCTAGIAICA GIGICGIACA GCCICCAGGC CCCCCCICC CGGGAGAGCC AIAGIGGICI	ATAGTGGTCT
47		H	GTTAGTATGA	GICICGIACA	GCCTCCAGGC	CCCCCCTCC	GTTAGIAIGA GICICGIACA GCCICCAGGC CCCCCCTCC CGGGAGAGCC ATAGIGGICI	ATAGTGGTCT
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<b>4</b>	GIV	H	GITAGIACGA	GIGICGIGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CICCCCICC	GITAGIACGA GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA CICCCCCICC CGGGAGAGCC ATAGIGGICI	ATAGIGGICI
49		-	GTTAGTACGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	GITAGIACGA GIGICGIGCA GCCICCAGGA CCCCCCICC CGGAGAGCC AIAGIGGICI	ATAGIGGICI
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20	SS CS	-1	GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGAACA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGAACA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCTCC CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT	ATAGTGGTCT
51			GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGAACA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCTCC	GITAGIAIGA GIGICGAACA GCCICCAGGA CCCCCCCICC CGGGAGAGCC AIAGIGGICI	ATAGTGGTCT
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### Fiq. 4b

5'UT Region (2/5)

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46	GIII	61		TGAGTACACC	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCG GGAAGACTGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCTG GGAAGACTGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC	GGAAGACTGG	GICCITICII	GGATAAACCC
48	15 14   15   15	61	GCGGAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGAGCAACCC GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGAGTAACCC	GGGTGACCGG	GICCITICII	GGAGCA
50	14 14 14 14	61	GV 61 GCGGAACCG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCG GGATGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATAAACCC	TGAGTACACC	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCG GGATGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT	GGATGACCGG	GTCCTTTCTT	GGATAAACCC

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Fig. 4(

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61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61	CGCAAGACTG CGCAAGACTG CGCAAGATCA CGCGAGATCA CGCGAGACTG CGCGAGACTG CGCCAAGACTG	CGCGAGACTG CGCGAGACTG CGCGAGACTG CGCGAGACTG CGCGAGACTG CGCGAGACTG	CGCAAGACTG	CGCGAGATCA CGCGAGATCA	CGCGAGACTG
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SEQUENCE ID NUMBER	8 8	39 40 42 44 44 11 11 11 11	46 47	11 44 9 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	51

# Fig. 4d

ENVELOPE REGION (4/5)

11 F1 11	19 19 19 19 19 19 19	1501	CGT
11 11 11 11 11	GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT	GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT GAGGTCTCGT	GGTCT GGTCT GGTCT GGTCT
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65 91 91 91 93 93 94 94 94 94 94 94	AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG	AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG	AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG AGTGCCCCGG
TT 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	GGTGCTTGCG GGTGCTTGCG GGTGCTTGCG GGTGCTTGCG GGTGCTTGCG	GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG	GGTGCTTGCG GGTGCTTGCG GGTGCTTGCG
11 16 16 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG CTTGTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG CTTGTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG CTTGTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG	CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	TGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT TGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT
11 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC	CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC	CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC CTTGTGGTAC
	CCCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	,	1 11
11 11 11 11 11	181 181 181 181	181 181 181 181 181 181	181 181 181 181
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5'UT Region (5/5)

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SEQUENCE ID NUMBER	11 60 47 1 11 11	3 3 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2	

252 Total

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Fig. 5a

CORE REGION

GENOTYPE

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		זרפרני	TCCCCC		7797	TCGCCCACAG	TCGCCCACAG	TCGCCC	; ) ) !		こつつつつつ			ורפרנני	CCCCCCC			CCCCCCC	CCCCCC				こっつつつ
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	AACAAACCTA	410000000000000000000000000000000000000	ACCAAACGIA	ACCAAACGTA	(HDD) ( ( ( ) ) (	ALCARACGIA	ACCAAACGTA	ACCAAACGTA		**************************************	なてのみましてつつて	ACCAAACGIA	<b>ATCOA A ACCTA</b>	************	ACCARACGIA	ACCAAACGTA	ישטטיר רעטער	ALCARACGIA	ACCAAACGTA		ACCARACTOR	ACCADAGAA	555555555555555555555555555555555555555
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Fig. 5b

CORE REGION (2/9)

SEQUENCE SEQUENCE ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		11 14 10 10					
52	GI	19	GACGICAAGI	TCCCGGGTGG	TCCCGGGTGG CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTT	GTTGGTGGAG	TITACITETI GCCGCGCAGG
53		61	GACGTCAAGT		TCCCGGGTGG CGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TITACTIGIT GCCGCGCAGG
54		19	GACGTTAAGT	TCCCGGGTGG	CGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TITACITGII GCCGCGCAGG
52		19	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCGGGTGG	CGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
56		61	GACCTCAAGT	TCCCGGGTGG	CGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACTIGIT GCCGCGCAGG
5.7		61	GACGTCAAGT	rccccccrcc	CGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTIACITGIT GCCGCGCAGG
	eessesses GII	===== 61	11 15	TCCCGGGCGG	TGGCCAGGTC	GTTGGTGGAG	FERRETERENTERENTERENTERENTERENTERENTEREN
59		61	GACGTCAAGT		TGGTCAGATC	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG	TITACCIGIT GCCGCGCAGG
9		61	GACGTCAAGT	$\mathbf{r}$	TGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
61		61	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCGGGCGG	TGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACTIGIT GCCGCGCAGG
29		61	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCGGGCGG	TGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACCIGIT GCCGCGCAGG
63		61	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCGGGCGG	TGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TITACITGIT GCCGCGCAGG
64		61	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCGGGCGG	TGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG
11 11	88 88 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 8	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	ti ti	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
65	GIII	. 61	GACGICAAGI	TCCCGGCGG	- TGGCCAGATC	GTTGGCGGAG	GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG TGGCCAGATC GITGGCGGAG TATACTTGCT GCCGCGCAGG
99		. 61	GACGICAAGI	rccceecee	TGGTCAGATC	GITGGCGGAG	GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG TGGTCAGATC GIIGGCGGAG IATACTIGIT GCCGCGCAGG
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Ħ	## ## ## ##				21 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	

Fig. 5c

CORE REGION (3/9)

GENOTYPE

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER

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52	GI	121	GGCCCTAGAT	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGA AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTCCA AACACTTCCA	CGCGACGAGA	AAGACTTCCG	<b>*プランカンカンカマ</b>	
53		121	GGCCCTAGAT	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG	CGCGACGAGG	AAGACTTCCG	CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCA AACACTTCA AACA	*CCTCGAGGI
. 54		121	GGCCCTAGAT	recererece	CGCGACGAGG	AAGACTTOOG	CGCGACG AAGACTTCCG ACCGCTCGCA	ACCICGAGGI
52		121	GGCCCTAGAT			AAGACTTCCG	AAGACTTCCG AGGGGTGCA	ACCICAGGI
56		121	GGCCCTAGAT	recererece	CGCGACGAGG	AAGACTTCCG	AAGACTTCCG AGGGGTGGTA	ACCICGAGGI
21		121	GGCCCTAGAT	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGT	CGCGACGAGG	AAGACTTCCG	AGCGGTCGCA	ACCICGIGGI
	11 11	11				11 12 13 14 14 14 14		11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
	119	171	GGCCCCAGGT	GCCCCCAGGI IGGGIGIGG CGCGACIAGG AAGACIICCG AGCGGICGCA ACCICGIAGA	CGCGACTAGG	AAGACTTCCG	AGCGGTCGCA	マピピーピー
53		121	GGCCCCAGGT	TGGGTGTGCG	CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG AGCGGTCGCA	AAGACTTCCG	AGCEGTCECA	くりかりからい
09	•	121	GGCCCCAGGT		CGCGACTAGG	AAGACTTCCG	CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG ACCGGTCCCA ACCICGTGGA	ACCICGIGGA
61		121	GCCCCAGGT			AAGACTTCCG	CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG ACCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA	ACCICCICGA
62		121	GCCCCAGGT			AAGACTTCCG	CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCA ACCCGTCACA ACCLCGGA	ACCICCICCA
63		121	GGCCCCAGGT			AAGACTTCCC	CONTRACT AND	ACCICCIOGA
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65	GIII	121	GGCCCGAGAT	GGCCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGAGG AAAACTTCG AACAACAAA AACAACAAAAAAAAAA	CGCGACGAGG	and and and an		121 GGCCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG AAAATTCAAAAAAAAAA
		121	GGCCCCAGGT	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG AACGGTCCCA GCCACGTGGG	CGCGACGAGG	AAAACTTCCG	AACGGTCCCA	GCCACGTGGG
11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11			11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			

## Fig. 5d

CORE REGION (4/9)

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER GENO	TYP	# # #			II II II II II II II	56 10 10 10 16 16 16 11 10 11	
52 GI 53 GI 54 55 56 57	1	181 181 181 181 181 181	AGACGTCAGC AGACGTCAGC AGACGTCAGC AGACGTCAGC AGACGTCAGC AGACGTCAGC	CTATCCCAA CTATCCCCAA CTATCCCTAA CTATCCCCAA CTATCCCCAA	CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC CTATCCCTAA GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC CCATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC CCATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC	CCCGAGGCA CCCGAGGCA CCCGAGGCA CCCGAGGCA CCCGAGGCA	181 AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCTAA GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCGCTCGG CCCGAGGGTA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGACGCCAGC CTATCCCCAA GGCGCTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
61 63 63 64 64	611	181 181 181 181 181	AGGCGACAAC AGGCGACAAC AGGCGACAAC AGGCGACAAC AGGCGACAAC	CTATCCCCAA CTATCCCCAA CTATCCCCAA CTATCCCCAA CTATCCCCAA CTATCCCCAA	CTATCCCAA GGCTGGCAG CCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTGGCCAG CCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGCCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGTA GGGCCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC	CCCGAGGCA CCCGAGGCA CCCGAGGCA CCCGAGGGCA CCCGAGGGCA CCCGAGGGCA	181 AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGCA GGGCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGCA GGGCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGTCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGTA GGGCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 181 AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG
65	GIII	1 181 181	AGGCGTCAGC AGGCGCCAGC	CCATCCCTAA	AGATCGTCGC	ACCCTGCCA	I 181 AGGCGTCAGC CCATCCTAA AGATCGTCGC ACCGCTGGCA AGTCCTGGGG AAGGCCAGGA 181 AGGCGCCAGC CCATCCCAA AGATCGGCGC ACCACTGGCA AGTCCTGGGG GAAGCCAGGA

Fig.

CORE REGION (5/9)

11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	0 0 0	11 11 11 11 11 11 11				11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		
25	GI	241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAATGAGGGC	TGCGGGTGGG	TACCCITGGC CCCICIAIGG CAAIGAGGGC IGCGGGIGGG CGGGAAGGCA CCCICIA	
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יי סו		T 5.7	IACCCCTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	TAATGAGGGT	TGCGGATGGG	CGGGATGGCT	CCIGICCCC
22		241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC	receestess	CGGGATGGCT	CCTGTCTCC
26		241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT	TGCGGGTGGG	CGGGATGGCT	
57		241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAATGAGGGT	TGCGGGTGGG	CGGGATGGCT	CCIGICICCC
11 11 11 11 11 11 11	13 14 11 11 11 11							1
58	GII	241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAATGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGGG	TACCCTIGGC CCCICIAIGG CAAIGAGGGI AIGGGGIGGG CAGGAIGGT FCTGTAAA	
29		241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAACGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGGG	TACCCITGGC CCCICIAIGG CAACGAGGGT AIGGGGIAGG CAGGAAGGGT CTAGACA	りついべつようようし
9	•	241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAACGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGGG	CAGGATGGCT	りついていまじまし
61		241	TACCCTTGGC		CAATGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGGG	CAGGTGGTT	りついていまでもなり
62		241	TATCCTTGGC			CTGGGGTGGG		ソンシャンチンチンン
63		241	TACCCTTGGC			ATGGGGTGGG	CAGGATGGCT	りついないようようし
. 64		241	TACCCCTGGC		CAATGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGG	CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTTGGG CAGGATGGTT CCTCTATACC	ソンとというできること
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	## ## ## ## ## ## ##	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11						
65	GIII	241	TATCCTTGGC	CCCTGTATGG	GAATGAGGGT	CTCGGCTGGG	TATCCTIGGC CCCIGIAIGG GAAIGAGGGI CICGGCIGGG CAGGGIGGCI CCTGTCCCC	CCTGTCCCC
99		241	TACCCTTGGC	CCCTGTATGG	GAATGAGGGT	CICGGCIGGG	TACCCTTGGC CCCTGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC	CCIGICCCC
	11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11				11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		

18/2/

Fig. 51

CORE REGION (6/9)

GENOTYPE

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER

r6667 r6667 r6667 r6667 r6667	10001 10001 10001 10001 10001	resesses recer recer
CAATTIGGG CAATTIGGGT CAATTIGGGT CAATTIGGGT CAATTIGGGT	TAATTTGGGT TAATTTGGGT TAATTTGGGT TAATTTGGGT CAACTTGGGT CAATTTGGGT	CAACTI
GACCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT	GTAGGTCGCG GTAGGTCGCG GTAGGTCGCG GTAGGTCGCG GTAGGTCGCG GTAGGTCGCG	ATAGATCGCG ATAGATCACG
CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTTGGGT CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTTGGGT CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAACTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAACTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTTGGGT CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTTGGGT CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCTACC GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAACTTTGGGT CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT	CGTGGCTCTC GCCCTTCATG GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCGCG CAACTTGGGT CGCGGTTCTC GCCCTTCATG GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCACG CAACTTGGGT
GGGCCCACA GGGCCCCACA GGGCCCCACA GGGCCCCACA GGGCCCCACA GGGCCCCACA GGGCCCCACA	GGGCCCCACG GGGCCCCACG GGGCCCCACG GGGCCCCACA GGGCCCCACG GGGCCCCACG	GGGCCCACT
CGTGCTCTC GCCTAGTTG CGTGCTCTC GCCTAGTTG CGTGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAACTG	CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG	GCCCTTCATG
301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAACTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAACTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT	301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TATTTTGGGT 301 CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TATTTTGGGT 301 CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTTGGGT 301 CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTTGGGT 301 CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 301 CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG GGGCCCCAAA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT	301 CGIGGCTCTC GCCCTTCATG GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCGCG CAACTTGGGT 301 CGCGGTTCTC GCCCTTCATG GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCACG CAACTTGGGT
301 301 301 301 301 301	301 301 301 301 301 301	301
H 11		GIII
52 GI 53 GI 54 55 56 57	558 660 661 1643 1643 1643 1643 1643 1643 1643	65 66

Fig. 5c

CORE REGION (7/9)

GENOTYPE

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER

52	GI	361	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTTAC	GIGCGGCITC	GCCGACCTCA	AAGGICAICG AIACCCIIIAC GIGCGGCIIC GCCGACCICA IGGGGIACAT ACCGCTACA	361 AAGGICAICG AIACCCIIAC GIGCGGCIIC GCCGACCICA IGGGGIACAT ACCGCTCTC
53		361	AAGGTCATCG	AAGGICAICG ATACCCTTAC	GTGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCACA		<b>しまじしましじして</b>
5.4		145	プリルペン サンサイン サンサイス マンサイ マンサイス マン	ひべつおりりつべおべ じりかべしかじじべん			100000	מליט מיט מיט מיט מיט מיט מיט מיט מיט מיט מ
• •		1	DOTATIONAL	フザンエンコンドエド		GULGALCALA	STOREGIACAL REGEREACAL ACCECTORITY	TCCCCTCCTT
22		361	AAGGTCATCG	AAGGICAICG AIACCCITAC	GIGCGGCITC	GCCGACCTCA	GCCGACCICA IGGGGIACAI ACCGCICGIC	ACCGCTCGTC
26		361	AAGGTCATCG	AAGGICAICG AIACCCITAC	GTGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	GIGCGCCTIC GCCGACCICA TGGGGTACAI	ACCGCTCGTC
57		361	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTTAC	GIGCGCCTIC	GCCGACCTCA	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC	ACCCCTCGTC
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	annesses GII	361	nnininininganennameniningangangangangangangangangangangangangan	ATACCCICAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	sossessessessessessessessessessessessess	TCCGCTCGTC
59		361	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTTGTC	TCCGCTTGTC
09	•	361	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	AAGGICAICG AIACCCICAC AIGCGGCIIC GCCGACCICA IGGGGIACAI ICCGCITGIC	TCCGCTCGTC
61		361	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	AAGGICAICG AIACCCICAC AIGCGGCIIC GCCGACCICA IGGGGIACAI ICCGCICGIC	TCCGCTCGTC
62		361	AAGGTCATCG	AAGGICAICG AIACCCIIAC	GIGCGGCTIC	GCCGACCTCA	GIGCGCTIC GCCGACCICA IGGGGIACAT ICCGCICGTC	TCCGCTCGTC
63		361	AAGATCATCG	AAGATCATCG ATACCCTCAC	GTGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC	TCCGCTCGTC
64		361	AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	AAGGICAICG AIACCCICAC AIGCGGCIIC GCCGACCICA IGGGGIACAI ICCGCICGIC	TCCGCTCGTC
======================================	GIII	361	======================================	ATACCCTAAC	GIGCGGITIT	GCCGACCTCA		TCCCGTCATC
99		361	AAGGTCATCG	AAGGICAICG AIACCUIAAC GIGIGGTTTT GCCGACTCA IGGGTAAT ICCCGICGT	GTGTGGTTTT	<b>でしたいのかいしい</b>	<b>サイプというこうごよ</b>	上ででしまでしていま

Fig. 5h

1.

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER GENOTYP	GENOTYP	11 11 11 11 11		11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	# 11 11 41 92 93 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94	
. 53	<b>G1</b>	421	421 GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC 421 GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC TGCCAGGGCT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	TTGGAGGCGC TTGGAGGCGC	GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC TGCCAGGGCT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	CTGGCGCATG CTGGCGCATG	CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAAGAC TCTGGAAGAC
ი ი გიაგ		421 421 421	01000000000000000000000000000000000000	TTGGGGGGCGC TTGGAGGCGC	TGCCAGGGCC TGCCAGAGCC TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCGCATG CTGGCGCATG	CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAAGAC TCTGGAAGAC TCTGGAAGAC
57	# # # # # # # # # #	421	421 GGCGCCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	GGCGCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC	TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCGCATG	CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAAGAC
58	611	421	ວວວວວວວວວ	TTAGGGGCGC	GGCGCCCCCC TTAGGGGCGC TGCCAGGGCC TTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	TTGGCGCATG	GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAGGAC
29		421	ວລວວລວຄວຄອ	TAGGGGGCGC	GGCGCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCACATG	CIGGCACAIG GIGICCGGGI	TCTGGAGGAC
9	•	421	ວວວວວວວ່ອອ	GCCCCCC TAGGGGCGC	TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCACATG	GIGICCGGGI	TCTGGAGGAC
61		421	ວລລວລວອອ	GCCCCCC TAGGGGCGC	TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCGCATG	GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAGGAC
62		421	ລລລລລລລອ	GCGCCCCC TTAGGGCGC	TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCGCATG	GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAGGAC
63		421	ວວວວວວວວອ	GCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	TGCCAGGGCC	TGCCAGGGC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT	GCGTCCGGGT	TCTGGAGGAC
64		421	LOOOOOOO	GGCGCCCCT TAGGGGGCGC	TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCGCATG	creececare ecerceeer	TCTGGAGGAC
		421	FECSFORMERS SERVICES	TIGGAGGCGT	essessessessessessessessessessessessess	CICGCCCACG	GAGTGAGGGT	TCTGGAGGAT
ν.		421	ยววววยเยย	agmanning magadagm nancang nangang nangangana agamayagan manaassas	<b>しじないがながらして</b>	びまべつしつじませつ	出づけばくび出づけむ	びんでんんつつかつか

Fig. 5i

CORE REGION (9/9)

ID NUMBER GENOTYPE

25	GI	481	GGCGTGAACT	GGCGIGAACT AIGCAACAGG GAACCIICCI GGIIGCICII ICICIAICII CCIICAGGC CIGCICICI	GAACCITICCT	GGTTGCTCTT	TCTCTATCTT	GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT ICTCTATCTF CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTTCT	上し 上
53		481	GGCGTGAACT	GGCGTGAACT AIGCAACAGG GAACCIICCI GGIIGCICII ICICIAICII	GAACCTTCCT	GGTTGCTCTT	TCTCTATCTT	CCTTCTGGCC	CTGCTCTCT
54		481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG	GAATCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT	GGTTGCTCTT	TCTCTATCTT	CCTTCTGGCC	CTTCTCTCT
55		481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG	GAACCITICCC	GGTTGCTCTT		CCTTCTGGCC	
20		481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG	GAACCTTCCT	GGTTGCTCTT	TCTCTATCTT	CCTTCTGGCC	よったったっちょう
21		481	GGCGTGAACT			GGTTGCTCTT	TTTCTATTT	CCTTCTGGCC	
 	annana GII	481	sessassassassassassassassassassassassass	ACGCAACAGG			andergendenterrandenserranserranserranserranserranserranserranserranden der		
59			GGCGTGAACT	GGCGIGAACI AIGCAACAGG GAAITIGCCC GGTIGCICTT ICTCTATCTT	GAATTTGCCC	GGTTGCTCTT	TCTCTATCTT	CTTTTTGGCT	
90	•	481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG	GAATTIGCCT GGTIGCICTI	GGTTGCTCTT	TCTCTATCTT	CCTCTTGGCT	CTGCTGTCC
61		481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG		GGTTGCTCTT		CCTCTTGGCT	TTGCTGTC
29		481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG		GGTTGCTCTT		CCTCTTGGCT	TTGCTGTCC
63		481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG		GAATCTGCCC GGTTGCTCCT		CCTTCTGGCT	Trecretce
64		481	GGCGTGAACT	ATGCAACAGG		GAATCTACCC GGTTGCTCTT		CCTCTTGGCT	TIGCIGICC
======================================	ESSESSES GIII	481	GGGGTAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCC GGTTGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT TCTCTTT TCTCTTATCTT TCTCTTATCTT TCTCTTATCTT TCTCTTATCTT TCTCTTATCTT TCTCTTT  TCTCTTT   TCTCTTTTT TCTCTTTTT TCTCTTTTT TCTCTTTTTT	ATGCAACAGG	GAATTTGCCC		GOGGTAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCC GGTTGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT TCTCTATCTT TCTCTTAACC CTCTTTCTC		
99		481	GGGATAAATT	GGGATAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC	GAATCTGCCC		1	770	17191777

549 Total